## ORDINANCES

## AND <br> OUTLINES OF TESTS,

## SYLLABI AND COURSES OF READING

FOR
B.Sc. (NON-MEDICAL)

FOR
2021-22
COURSE CODE: BSNM


GENERAL SHIVDEV SINGH DIWAN GURBACHAN SINGH

## KHALSA COLLEGE PATIALA

An Autonomous College
NAAC Accredited 'A' Grade
College with Potential for Excellence Status by UGC, Star College Status-DBT
E-mail: Khalsacollegepatiala@gmail.com
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## Preamble:

General Shivdev Singh Diwan Gurbachan Singh Khalsa College Patiala, accredited 'A' grade by NAAC (2015), recognized as "College with Potential for Excellence" status by UGC, New Delhi (2016) and an Autonomous College (2016), is a premier institute of higher education in the state of Punjab since 1960. Being concordant with the need to the creation of a self-sustaining, global knowledge society, the college has undertaken several measures initiated by UGC to bring equity, efficiency and excellence in the Higher Education System of the country.

The important measures taken to enhance academic standards and quality in higher education include innovation and improvements in curriculum, teaching-learning process, examination and evaluation system, besides governance and other matters.

The UGC has formulated various regulations and guidelines from time to time to improve the higher education system and maintain minimum standards and quality across the Higher Educational Institutions in India. The academic reforms recommended by the UGC in the recent past have led to overall improvement in the higher education system. However, due to lot of diversity in the system of higher education, there are multiple approaches followed by Higher Educational Institutions towards examination, evaluation and grading system. While the Higher Educational Institutions must have the flexibility and freedom in designing the examination and evaluation methods that best fits the curriculum, syllabi and teaching-learning methods, there is a need to devise a sensible system for awarding the grades based on the performance of students. Presently, the performance of the students is reported using the conventional system of marks secured in the examinations or grades or both. Then there is conversion from marks to letter grades as the letter grades are used widely across the Higher Educational Institutions in the country. This creates difficulty for the academia and the employers to understand and infer the performance of the students graduating from different universities and colleges based on grades.

The grading system is considered to be better than the conventional marks system and hence, it has been followed in the top institutions in India and abroad. So, it is desirable to introduce uniform grading system. This will facilitate student mobility across institutions within and across countries and will also enable potential employers to assess the performance of students. To bring in the desired uniformity in grading system and method for computing the cumulative grade point average (CGPA) based on the performance of students in the examinations, the UGC has formulated CBCS guidelines.

## DEFINITIONS

a. Academic Year: Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
b. Course: Usually referred to, as 'papers' is a component of a programme. All courses need not carry the same weight. The courses should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise lectures/tutorials/laboratory work/field work/outreach activities/ project work/vocational training/viva/seminars/term papers /assignments/ presentations/self study etc. or a combination of some of these.
c. Credit Based Semester System (CBSS): Under the CBSS, the requirement for awarding a degree or diploma or certificate is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the students.
d. Credit Point (CP): The numerical value obtained by multiplying the grade point (GP) by the no. of credit(C) of the respective course i.e. $C P=G P \times C$.
e. Credit(C): A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week, i.e. a course with assigned L-T-P: 3-0-2 or 3-1-0 will be equivalent to 4 credits weight-age course.
f. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student over all semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to two decimal places.
g. Grade Point (GP): It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10 point scale.
h. Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by letters $O, A+, A, B+, B, C, P$ and $F$.
i. Programme: An educational programme leading to award of a degree, diploma or certificate.
j. Semester Grade point Average (SGPA): It is a measure of performance of work done in a semester. It is ratio of total credit points (CPs) secured by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed upto two decimal places.
k. Semester: Each semester will consist of $15-18$ weeks of academic work equivalent to 90 actual teaching days. The odd semester may be scheduled from July to December and even semester from January to June.
I. Transcript or Grade Card (GC) or Certificate: Based on the grades earned, a grade certificate shall be issued to all the registered students after every semester. The grade certificate will display the course details (code, title, no. of credits, grades secured) along with SGPA of that semester and CGPA earned till date semester.
m. Semester Examinations: The comprehensive examinations conducted for summative evaluation of course. The duration of these examinations shall be 3 and 4 hours for theory and practical courses respectively; and the weight shall be as per the ordinance of relevant programme.
n. L-T-P: The prescribed hours/week during a semester for Lecture-Tutorial-Practical to a particular course, in accordance with curriculum prescriptions based on respective nature.

# FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE B.Sc. (NON-MEDICAL) <br> <br> UNDER CREDIT BASED SEMESTER SYSTEM 

 <br> <br> UNDER CREDIT BASED SEMESTER SYSTEM}

## Applicability of Ordinances for the time being in force.

Notwithstanding the integrated nature of a course spread over more than one academic year, the Ordinances in force at the time a student joins a course shall hold good only for the examination held during or at the end of the academic year. Nothing in these Ordinances shall be deemed to debar the College from amending the ordinances subsequently and the amended ordinances, if any, shall apply to all the students whether old or new.

1. B.Sc.(Non-Medical) is an integrated course comprising three parts spread over three years.Each part will consist of two semesters.The course of study of B.Sc. (Non-Medical) shall be divided in six semesters and the final examination will be held at the end of every semester in the months of November/December (for semester I, III \& V) and April/May (for semester II, IV \& VI) or as fixed by the College.
2. The examination in B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-I shall be open to a student who produces the following certificates to the Principal of the college.
(i) If he/she has passed +2 examination (Non-medical, without reappear) of Punjab School Education Board, or any other examination recognised as equivalent thereto.
Note: Candidate placed under reappear in one or more subjects in 10+2 examination of Punjab School Education Board or any other examination, recognized as equivalent thereto shall not be eligible for admission to B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-I Course.
(ii) of having remained on the rolls of a college admitted to the privileges of the University for the academic year preceding the examinations.
(iii) Having good character.
(iv) A student can opt for Elementary Punjabi under the following conditions:
(a) Those students who have passed their Matric Examination outside the State of Punjab and have not opted for Punjabi Subject.
(b) Wards of Defence Personnel/Para-Military Personnel can opt for Elementary Punjabi.
(c) Children of NRI, NRE and Foreign Students
2.1 To qualify for admission to $3^{\text {rd }}$ semester of the course, the candidate must have passed $50 \%$ of total papers of the two semesters of the $1^{\text {st }}$ year. In case, the result of $2^{\text {nd }}$ semester is not declared at the time of admission to $3^{\text {rd }}$ semester, the student may be admitted provisionally and will be allowed to take examination if $3^{\text {rd }}$ semester if he/she
has passed in $50 \%$ of the total papers of first year (i.e. $1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$ semester). Similarly, to qualify for admission to $5^{\text {th }}$ semester of the course, the student may be admitted provisionally if the result of the previous semester has not been declared and will be allowed to take examination of $5^{\text {th }}$ semester, if he/she has passed $50 \%$ of the total papers of previous semesters.
3. A candidate must complete and pass the whole course of three years within a maximum of six years from the date of admission in B.Sc. (Non-Medical) First semester. If candidate does not clear
the lower examination within in stipulated period the higher result of the candidate will stand automatically cancelled.
4. Semester examinations will be open to regular candidates who have been on the rolls of the college and meet the attendance and other requirements as prescribed in the ordinances of the course.

## 5. SUBJECT COMBINATIONS IN B.Sc. COURSE

5.1 Subject to the restrictions contained in the Ordinances, a candidate for B.Sc. (Non-Medical) +3 Scheme shall be required to take up the following subjects For B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-I, II and III:
(i) For B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-I

Punjabi, English, Drug Abuse: Problems, Management and Prevention with three elective Science subjects.
(ii) For B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-II Punjabi, Environmental and Road Safety Awareness with three elective Science subjects.
(ii) For B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Part-III Punjabi with three Elective Science Subjects.

### 5.2 Three Elective Science subjects for B.Sc. Non-Medical

1. Physics
2. Chemistry/ Computer Application
3. Mathematics

## 6. EXAMINATION RULES:

6.1 Paper Setting/Evaluation will be done by an External Examiner or as decided by the Examination Cell.
6.2 Viva-voce / practical examination shall be conducted by a committee consisting of the following:
(i) One external examiner
(ii) One internal examinar
6.3 The supplementary examination will be held along with the routine End Semester Tests. The supplementary paper would be from the syllabi prescribed for that session in which the candidate is appearing. The student can appear in the theory/practical paper
on the payment of the required fee. The candidate will have consecutive two attempts to clear the Supplementary Examination; marks of practical and internal assessment will be carried forward as original.
6.4 Re-evaluation of answer sheet in two subjects is allowed after paying the requisite fee. The application for Re-evaluation should be submitted within 15 days of the declaration of the results. In case there is a difference of more than $10 \%$ between the marking of the first evaluator and the second evaluator, then the paper would be sent to a third e valuator. The mean of the marks of the second and third evaluators is then considered as the final marks. The re-evaluated marks will be considered final irrespective of the increase or decrease in marks.
6.5 The students who have reappear in the Vth semester only of three year degree course at undergraduate level, will be allowed to appear in their Reappear examination along with the Final Semester Examinations of their respective courses.
6.6 A Candidate placed under reappear in any paper, will be allowed two chances to clear the reappear, which should be availed within consecutive two year/chances i.e. to pass in a paper the candidate will have a total of three chances, one as regular student and two as reappear candidate.
6.7 The examination of reappear papers of odd semester will be held with regular examination of the odd semester and reappear examination in even semester with the even semester. But if a candidate is placed under reappear in the last semester of the course, he/she will be provided chance to pass the reappear with the examination of the next semester, provided his/her reappear of lower semester does not go beyond next semester.
6.8 The Principal can provide Golden Chance (with special chance fee) to students who have been unable to clear their exams even after two attempts.

### 6.9 IMPROVEMENT EXAMINATIONS:

I. A student who has been declared 'pass' in the Undergraduate course he/she was admitted to, may apply for improvement within a year from the declaration of the result of the final semester and he/she can take maximum of $50 \%$ of the total papers for that course for improvement.
II. A student shall have to appear in End semester examination of the paper chosen for improvement along with the regular students. No special exam shall be held for him/her.
III. If a student fails to improve upon the original marks obtained in the paper chosen for improvement, his/her original marks shall be retained and he/she shall not get a second chance for improvement.
IV. Improvement examination in practical/MST paper shall not be allowed.
V. A student taking improvement examination shall have to pay a fee decided by the college.

### 6.10 Grading System:

The grades and their description, along with equivalent numerical grade points are listed in the Grading Assignment Table below:

## Grade Assignment Table

| Percentage of Marks | Description | Grade | Grade Point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $91-100$ | Outstanding | O | 10 |
| $81-90$ | Excellent | $\mathrm{A}+$ | 9 |
| $71-80$ | Very Good | A | 8 |
| $61-70$ | Good | $\mathrm{B}+$ | 7 |
| $51-60$ | Above Average | B | 6 |
| $41-50$ | Average | C | 5 |
| $35-40$ | Pass/Fair | P | 4 |
| $0-34$ | Fail | F | 0 |
| Otherwise | Absent/Detained | $\mathrm{Ab} / \mathrm{D}$ | 0 |

a. A student obtaining Grade $F$ shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.
b. For non credit courses 'Satisfactory' or 'Unsatisfactory' shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA.

### 6.11 Computation of SGPA and CGPA

The UGC recommends the following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):
a. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e.
SGPA (Si) $=\Sigma($ Earned Credits $\mathrm{Ci} \times$ Grade Point Gi) $/ \Sigma$ Earned Credits Ci;
Where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the Grade Point Scored by the student in the ith course.
b. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme, i.e.

CGPA (Ci) $=\sum($ Earned Credits Ci x SGPA Si)/ $\Sigma \mathrm{Ci})$;
Where Si is the SGPA of the ith semesters and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.
c.

The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

## Illustration of the computation of SGPA and CGPA and Format for Transcripts

i. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

Illustration for SGPA

| Course | Credits | Grade <br> Letter | Grade <br> Point | Credit Point <br> (Credit $\times$ Grade) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Course 1 | 3 | A | 8 | $3 \times 8=24$ |
| Course 2 | 4 | B + | 7 | $4 \times 7=28$ |
| Course 3 | 3 | B | 6 | $3 \times 6=18$ |
| Course 4 | 3 | 0 | 10 | $3 \times 10=30$ |
| Course 5 | 3 | C | 5 | $3 \times 5=15$ |
| Course 6 | 4 | B | 6 | $4 \times 6=24$ |
|  | 20 |  |  |  |

Thus, SGPA $=139 / 20=6.95$
Illustration for CGPA

| Semester 1 | Semester 2 | Semester 3 | Semester 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Credit : 20 | Credit : 22 | Credit : 25 | Credit : 26 |
| SGPA : 6.9 | SGPA : 7.8 | SGPA : 5.6 | SGPA : 60 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Semester 5 |  |  | Semester 6 |
| Credit : 26 | Credit : 25 |  |  |
| SGPA : 6.3 | SGPA : 8.0 |  |  |

Thus, CGPA $=\underline{20 \times 6.9+22 \times 7.8+25 \times 5.6+26 \times 6.0+26 \times 6.3+25 \times 8.0}=6.73$

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## ii. Transcripts (Format):

Based on the above recommendations on Letter grades, grade points, SGPA and CGPA, the College may issue the transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

### 6.12 Division and Position:

Division shall be awarded in the following manner, to the candidates on the basis of their respective CGPA:

| CGPA 7.5 or more | 1st | Division with |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CGPA 6.0 or more but less than 7.5 | 1st | Division |
| CGPA 5.0 or more but less than 6.0 | 2nd | Division |
| CGPA 3.5 or more but less than 5.0 | 3rd | Division |
| Otherwise | Fail |  |

However, First, Second or Third position shall be awarded to the candidates, provided they meet the following conditions:
a) Rank shall be solely decided on the final CGPA, on completion of degree credit requirement.
b) The candidate has completed all the prescribed requirements, in the prescribed programme duration.
c) The candidate has passed / secured valid grades in all the prescribed courses, in the first attempt.
d) No disciplinary action is pending or has ever been lodged against him/her.
e) In case of an exceptional tie, both candidates shall be awarded the same rank.

### 6.13 Grade Card:

At the end of each semester, a student will be given a 'Grade Card' which will contain Course Code, Title, Credits, Grades Awarded, Earned Credits and Earned Point secured by him/her in each course, together with his/her SGPA in that semester. On the completion of the programme, a Final Grade Card will be issued to the student, giving full semester-wise details about the absolute marks and grades obtained by him/her in each course together with his/her SGPA and also the CGPA and Division awarded to him/her.

### 6.14 Equivalence:

Percentage (P) equivalent to CGPA earned by a candidate may be calculated using the following formula:

$$
\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CGPA} \times 10
$$

### 6.15 MALPRACTICES/UNFAIR MEANS

6.15.1 The following shall be deemed to be unfair means:
I. Leaving the Examination Hall without submitting the answer book to the invigilator or taking away, tearing off or otherwise disposing off the same or any part thereof.
II. Using abusive language in the examination hall or writing the same in the answer sheet.
III. Making an appeal to the evaluator through answer sheet.
IV. Possession by examinee or having access to books, notes, papers, mobile or any other electronic material which can prove to be helpful in the exam.
V. Any action on the part of candidate at an examination trying to get undue advantage in the performance at examinations or trying to help another, or derive the same.
VI. Case of Impersonation in the examination.
VII. Intimidating, threatening, manhandling, using violence, show of force in any form against any invigilator or any person on duty, creating disturbance to the smooth conduct of the examination.
VIII. Any other action which the Controller Examination / Chief Controller deem fit to be a case of UMC.
6.15.2 In case the student is found to have used any of the above Unfair means:
I. His/her answer book shall be seized and $\mathrm{He} /$ She will be given a new answer sheet.
II. Invigilator shall submit a detailed report along with the answer book of the student and the related material, if any, to the Centre Superintendent who will subsequently hand it over to Controller Examination.
III. Written statement to this effect shall be obtained from the student by the Centre Superintendent. In case the student refuses to do the same, the fact of refusal must be recorded.
IV. The student reported to have used unfair means shall be allowed to appear in the subsequent papers. However, no marks would be awarded for the paper in which unfair means were used.
V. The Principal shall refer the cases of malpractices in Mid Semester tests, House Tests and End Semester Examinations, to an Unfair Means Committee, constituted by him/her for the purpose. Such committee shall follow the approved scales of punishment. The Principal shall take necessary action, against the erring students based on the recommendations of the committee.
6.15.3 The involvement of the Staff, who are in charge of conducting examinations, evaluating examination papers and preparing/keeping records of documents relating to the examinations if involved in such acts (inclusive of providing incorrect or misleading information) that infringe upon the course of natural justice to one and all concerned at the examination shall be viewed seriously and recommended for award of appropriate punishment after enquiry.

## 7. Attendance Regulations \& Condonation:

7.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for end semester examinations, if he/she acquires a minimum of $75 \%$ of attendance in each subject.
7.2 Request to the Principal for Condonation of shortage of attendance after the recommendation of the HOD will be forwarded to Lecture Shortage Condonation Committee. The committee can finally condone the shortage in aggregate up to $15 \%$ on Non-Medical grounds in each semester.
7.3 Any student representing the Institute/ University/ State/ Nation in any Academic/ Sports/ Cultural/Extra Co curricular/ NSS/NCC or any other event shall be considered on duty. His/ Her shortage of lectures shall be condoned, provided that the student is permitted in writing by the Principal/HOD concerned and a certificate to this effect signed by the competent authority where the student attended the event is taken.
7.4 A Student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he/she satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester as applicable.
7.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end semester examination of that particular semester and their registration for examination shall stand cancelled and no fee shall be refunded.
8. Late college students: A candidate, who has completed the prescribed course of instructions for a semester but has not appeared in the examination or having appeared, has failed in the examination, may appear as a late college student within the prescribed period.
9. Applications for admission to the examination shall be made on the prescribed form attested by the competent authority as per the college rules.
10. Amount of examination fee to be paid by a candidate for each semester shall be as fixed by the College from time to time.
11. The last date by which examination forms and fees must reach the College Office shall be as follows.

| Semester | Without <br> late fee | With <br> late <br> fee of | With <br> late <br> fee | With <br> late <br> fee | With <br> late <br> Fee of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nov./Dec. (Odd) | Sept. 30 | Oct.15 | Oct. 21 | Oct. 31 | Nov. 10* |
| April/May(Even) | Feb. 28 | March 15 | March 21 | March 31 | April 15* |

*Note: No Examination Form will be accepted after the prescribed date.
12. College medal will be awarded to a candidate who secures first position in the College on the basis of the marks of all the six semesters taken together. The general rules and conditions of the College/University for the Award of medal/prizes etc. will be applicable in the award of College medal to the topper of this examination.
13. All the question papers except Punjabi Language Paper will be set in English only and candidates can answer the questions in English only.
14. A candidate is required to secure atleast $35 \%$ marks both in external examination (Theory and Practical/Project work) and in internal assessment separately in each subject in order to qualify in an examination. Two theory papers of Mathematics and Chemistry in each semester will be conducted and candidates are required to obtain $35 \%$ marks in aggregare in both the papers of each subject in each semester.
15. Assessment:
15.1 B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Course will be run on Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) as described in the Introduction.
15.2 The Assessment in each semester of B.Sc. (Non-Medical) Course will be $30 \%$ internal and $70 \%$ external for each Theory paper. The result of the Internal Assessment shall be conveyed to the students/examination branch by the Head of the Department according to prescribed schedule.
15.3 There shall be Two Mid Semester tests in each Semester.
15.4 Internal Assessment of $30 \%$ will be based on Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) pattern and the breakup of $30 \%$ will be as under:
(i) Average of Two mid Semester Tests : 40\%
(ii) Assignment/Seminar/Class Test/Tutorial/Quiz/Internal Practical etc. : 40\%
(iii) Attendance : 20\%

Papers having practical/viva, the marks of theory and practical/viva will be reduced equally percentage wise to make room for $30 \%$ internal assessment.
Note: If a case comes to notice of Controller of Examinations where the marks awarded by the Teacher are on a very Higher/Lower side, the award will be got moderated by the following committee.
I. Paper Evaluator
II. Head of the Department
III. Controller of Examination
15.5 In case the student is dissatisfied with the marks awarded to him/her in internal assessment; he/she can approach the concerned teacher. If the student is still not satisfied, he/she may approach the head of department and the Principal subsequently.

## 16. End-Semester Examination:

End-semester examination(s) of each theory course shall be of three hours duration and will be conducted as per norms and schedule notified by the Controller of Examination. The end semester examinations of laboratory/practical courses and other courses such as seminar, colloquium, field work, project, dissertation etc. shall be conducted as notified by the HOD.

## 17. Degree Requirement:

17.1 An undergraduate degree with Accounting and Finance in a discipline may be awarded if a student completes atleast 14 core papers in that discipline, 2 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC), minimum 2 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)and 4 papers each from a list of Discipline Specific Elective and Generic Elective papers, respectively.
An undergraduate degree in Science disciplines may be awarded if a student completes 14 core papers each in three disciplines of choice, 2Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC), minimum 4 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)and 2 papers each from a list of Discipline Specific Elective papers based on three disciplines of choice selected above, respectively.
An Undergraduate degree in Humanities/ Social Sciences/ Commerce may be awarded if a student completes atleast 4 core papers each in two disciplines of choice, 2 core papers each in English and Hindi/MIL, respectively, 2 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC), minimum 4 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC), 2 papers each from a list of Discipline Specific Elective papers based on the two disciplines of choice selected above, respectively, and two papers from the list of Generic Electives papers.
17.2 The result of all the examinations will be declared through the College website.
17.3 The grace marks shall be allowed according to the general ordinances relating to 'Award of Grace Marks'. These ordinances will apply to all examinations.
(i) Grace marks to be given shall be calculated on the basis of 1\% of total aggregate marks of all the written and practical papers of the examination concerned. Marks for viva-voice/internal assessment/sessional work/skill in teaching/any additional /optional /deficient subject shall not be taken into account for this purpose. If a fraction works out to half or more, it shall count as one mark and fractional less than half shall be ignored
(ii) To pass in one or more written papers or subjects, and/or to make up the aggregate to pass the examination but not in sessional work, internal assessment, viva-voice and skill in teaching.
17.4 The College may from time to time revise, amend and change the regulations or the curriculum, if found necessary.
17.5 The students will be given the facilities of transfer of Credits earned in different recognized/approved Institutions of Higher Education in India and Abroad.
17.6 A student who earns total specified credits according to the curriculum and fulfills such other conditions as may be mentioned in the curriculum of the programme, shall be issued the DMC and shall be awarded degree by Punjabi University Patiala. He/she must also pay all College dues as per rules. Moreover, there should be no case of indiscipline pending against him/her.
18. If any student gets admission after concealing any fact or his/her certificates are found fake after verification or he/she misleads the institution as any front or because of any other reason, his/her admission will stand cancelled/ his/her result cancelled though he/she may have been declared pass.
19. In case the ordinance is silent about any issue, it will be decided by the College Principal in
consultation with the Academic Advisory Committee of the college in the anticipation of approval of the same by Academic Counsel of the College.

APPROVED
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Mermbersecretary
Academic Council

## B. SC. (NON-MEDICAL) PART I (SEMESTER I \& II)



APPROVED

## SEMESTER-I

## BSNM 101: 亡ेथठ - थंत्ताप्वी लग्नतभी (Punjabi Compulsory)

क్ळिट: 4(3+1)
वॅल भर् : 100 भर
लिध्रडी यूथिभिए : 70 भंव
Course Outcome


2. टिसिभानपी भाप्रति से मभवॅप च नांत्रा है।
 विभात्यूयउ च नांट्टा चै।




## मिलेष्टम भङे यர्ठ थ्यमउव

 बागा भ-1 टिभावठत








## भீव हैड भडे थेथठ मैटठ लटी उटाट्टिउां

 मह्वियी थूम्नर।
(डित दिॅँैं टिर)
12 मiव
2. वग्टीभां द्चिले याउतां सा याउत- चिउतर
3. दिभावठत दाल्ले काता भ-1 ठाल मघ्वपय दठटगउभर यूम़त।


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(ॅन्ठी हिँच えट्टी हीग)
10 भiव

दिसिभाग्री हे माठे यूम्तां से मंधेय दिच छै
 भंटगुठी भुलांवट


 भडे टिसिभाग्री गेठ लिधे रा्तत्त वठतो।



- याठब्स ठाल मर्घंयिउ भमाम्टीभैंट डिभाठ वठता
- वए्लत्त से विमे मभग्गाभ/टिसिभर ट्ड टी निथ्येगट किभाठ वठरा


## मगट्टि यர्ठ- मभॅठठी






 1986.

Note:- Those students who have not studied Punjabi up to matriculation can opt for Elementary Punjabi (Mudla Gyan). Other students will study compulsory Punjabi.

#  <br> कूळिट ：4（3＋1） 

ธॅल भீव： 100
लिधडी पूथिभिए： 70 भरव
लिधडी यू तिभभग्टा मभा： 3 ưटे

दिमे दिॅँच थग्म भீव： $35 \%$
भंटग़ती भुलावट： 30 भंव भपिभாय से थीठीभइ थूडी गढडा： 05

Course Outcome


 गِसे गठ।


## मिलेषम भडे याठ प्रमउव

 2018.

## काता－४

В． 1 गुगनुी हवट्भम्ल ：
（1）गाठभुधी टठट्माल्का भने लिषट से तिजान
（2）मॅँच मिधिभा：उठठीघ
В． 2 भाउठ उठिड मघ्वर तंइ：
（1）そॅ भॅषठी मघवरां टे तैइ
（2）डिंत ऊॅधवी म्नघपां से तँइ
（3）घणु－भॅधठी मघवसां से तॅइ
बगता－भ
भ．1यंत्ताप्वी पूरी यूष्षप：
（1）मदठःयठिकग्ना，यहाट भडे हठうं
（2）हिभ्भिततां टी यठिठग्ना，यहाट भडे हगうं

 $10+10=20$ भi $\alpha$
（5）थैठ दिछ थैट दाएले दठटां टी यढाट भठे हठ亏ें
बग्ग－प

（1）विट्डी（ 1 ऊँ 50 ऊॅव）मूघ्वसां टिध
（2）ग．ढडे से टितां से ठां
（3）भंगठेत्जी भगीतिभां से ठां
（4）टेमी भगीटिभां टे ठां
（5）ठीवां से ठां
（6）ढகां－मप्तन्तीभां टे ठां
कगठ－म
 भंव हंड भडे पेयठ मैटठ लटी ग्टाट्टिउां



3．दठटाउभर यूम्नक रा थ̌द्धे ताह।


भீसड़ठी भुलांवट
वलाम गक्षती, யवेत्रू टिभडिगए, भंसत्रती यूजनी भविभाम

 थूडीगढ़ा कठाप्टे साट्टो भडे टिसिभानसी गेठ लिषे वानत वठतोे।

- मूपय थॅत्ष्पी छिच्ठट/तिषट सा भविभाम


- वक्तू से विमे मभगाभ/हिसिभर ट्रठ सी निथेठट किभात वठठा




## मगट्टिर थ्मउव म్=ी




 यटिभात्ठा, 2011.
5. Hardev Bahri, Teach Yourself Punjabi, Punjabi University, Patiala, 2011.
6. Henry A.Gleason and Harjeet Singh Gill, A Start in Punjabi, Punjabi University, Patiala, 1997.
7. Ujjal Singh Bahri and Paramjit Singh Wallia, Introductory Punjabi, Punjabi University, Patiala, 2011.

रेंट : Only those students who have not studied Punjabi up to matriculation can opt for Elementary Punjabi (Mudla Gyan). Other students will study Compulsory BSNM-105: CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hour
Maximum Marks: 100
Theory: 70 marks

Periods per week: 5
Pass Marks: 35\%
Internal Assessment: $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks

Course Outcome :After the successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Learn the historical and cultural contexts, developing a critical understanding of how speeches can both uphold and resist existing structures of power
- Understand the factors that influence use of grammar and vocabulary in speech and writing
- Recognize and incorporate proper grammar and mechanics including parts of speech, verb tense, subject-verb agreement, word choice, spelling, commas, and other punctuation

Enhance their reading and writing skills

## Section-A

Prescribed Text: Diverse Voices, Department of English, Khalsa College Patiala, 2017
The speeches of the following speakers are to be studied:

1. Helen Adams Keller
2. Jawaharlal Nehru
3. Subhas Chandra Bose
4. Nelson Mandela
5. Martin Luther King Jr.
6. A.P.J Abdul Kalam
7. Dalai Lama
8. Ratan Tata
9. Steve Jobs
10. Aisha Chaudhary

Testing:
Q1. (a) One essay type question with an internal alternative on summary and central idea in about 250 words.
(b) Five short answer type questions to be attempted out of the given eight from the prescribed text in about 30-40 words each.

## Section- B

Q.2. Writing Skills:
(a) Report Writing: Analytical and Action Report

Testing: One report to be attempted out of the given two. 10 marks
(b) Developing a story from the given hints.

7 marks
Q.3. Grammar and Vocabulary
(a) Grammar

Prescribed Text: Oxford Practice Grammar by John Eastwood, Oxford University Press, 2006

1. Ex. 1-20
marks
Testing: Attempt any 10 sentences out of the given 12
2. Ex.21-39
marks
Testing: Attempt any 10 sentences out of the given 12
(b) Vocabulary

Prescribed Text: The Students' Companion by Wilfred D. Best, Harper Collins Publishers, 2010

1. Antonyms: pages 128 to 130

Testing: Attempt all 6 Antonyms 3 marks
2. Synonyms: pages 132 to 134

Testing: Attempt all 6 Synonyms 3 marks

## INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

30 Marks
Internal Assessment will be given on the basis of attendance, MSTs and over-all performance in the class. There will also be an internal viva based on the following topics of practical relevance. The teacher should focus on enhancing the skills of the students in writing, speaking and reading. One period per week will be allotted for covering these topics:-
1 Résumé Writing
2 Dialogue delivery on a given situation
3. Facing an interview
4. Reading newspaper

## Note: A Scrap Book to be made by the student on the given topics.

## Suggested Readings

1. The Written Word by Vandana R. Singh, Oxford University Press, 2006
2. Essential English Grammar by Raymond Murphy, Cambridge University Press ( $2^{\text {nd }}$ ed.), 2009
3. Advanced Grammar in Use by Martin Hewings. Cambridge University $\operatorname{Press}\left(2^{\text {nd }}\right.$ ed.), 2008
4. English Vocabulary in Use by Michael MacCarthy and Felicity O'Dell. Cambridge University press, 2008

## BSMN 103: PHYSICS MECHANICS

Maximum Marks: External 70<br>Internal: 30<br>Total: 100

Time Allowed: 3 Hours<br>Total Teaching hours: 60<br>Pass Marks: 35\%

## On successful completion of the course students would have

CO1: familiarize with types of co-ordinate systems and their applications.
CO2: learned the basics of the central forces, Kepler's laws and rotational dynamics.
CO3: grasped the knowledge of the fundamentals of different types of frames of references and transformation laws. (Both Galilean and Lorentz).
CO4: learned fundamental ideas of special theory of relativity such as length contraction and time dilation and mass -energy invariance.
CO5: acquire the knowledge of simple harmonic motion (SHM), can deeply understand the undamped, damped and forced harmonic oscillations.

Out of 100 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 30 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 70 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 10 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 10 marks. Section C will carry 30 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and B, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 10 marks and section C carries 30 marks. Use of scientific calculators is allowed

## Section A

Cartesian and spherical polar co-ordinates system area, volume, displacement, velocity, and acceleration in this system. Solid angle. Various forces in Nature (brief introduction), Centre of mass, Equivalent one body problem, Central forces, Equation of motion under central force, Equation of orbit in inverse square, Force field and turning points, Kepler's laws and their derivations.
Rigid body motion: Rotational motion, principal moments and axes. Euler's equations, Galilean transformation and Invariance, Non-Inertial frames, concept of stationary universal frame of reference and ether.
Frames of reference, Postulates of special theory of relativity, and Michelson Morley Experiment, Lorentz transformations, Length, Time, Velocities, Relativistic Doppler effect. Variation of mass with velocity, mass-energy equivalence, Relativistic momentum and energy, their transformation, concepts of Minkowski space, four vector formulation

## Section B

Oscillations: Simple harmonic motion, energy of a SHO. Compound pendulum, Electrical oscillations. Transverse vibrations of a mass on a string, composition of two perpendicular SHM of same period and of period ratio 1: 2, Decay of free vibrations due to damping. Differential equation of motion, types of damping. Determination of damping co-efficient-logarithmic decrement, relaxation time and Q-Factor.
Differential equation for forced mechanical and electrical oscillators. Transient and steady
state oscillation. Displacement and velocity variation with driving force frequency,Power supplied to an oscillator, Q value of a forced oscillator and band width.

## Reference Books:

1. University Physics.F.W. Sears, M.W. Zemansky and H.D. Young, 13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
2. Mechanics Berkeley Physics, v.1: Charles Kittel, et. al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill. Physics - Resnick, Halliday\& Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley
3. Engineering Mechanics, Basudeb Bhattacharya, 2nd edn., 2015, Oxford University Press
4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole

## BSMN 103: PHYSICS LAB <br> MECHANICS

Course Objectives: Students will have
CO1: A working knowledge of fundamental Physics and basic mechanics principles.
CO2: The ability to identify, formulates, and solve physics problems.
CO3: The ability to conduct, analyse and interpret experiments in physics.
CO4: The ability to use modern physics techniques and tools, including mathematical techniques, graphs and laboratory instrumentation.

CO5: A hands on experience on pendulums, sextant, vernier calipers, screw gauge, traveling microscope, Maxwell needle and flywheel.

Maximum Marks: 50
60 Lectures

1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
2. To determine the Height of a Building using a Sextant.
3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
4. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
5. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
6. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
7. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
8. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
9. To determine $g$ and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique
10. To study the Motion of a Spring and calculate (a) Spring Constant (b) Value of $g$

## Reference Books:

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint and H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
3. Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi \& B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
4. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

# BSNM-104 (Paper I): ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

Duration: 3 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 75
Internal Assessment: 23
External Examination: 52
Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To recognize consistent and inconsistent systems of linear equations by the row echelon form of the augmented matrix.
- To find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors for a square matrix.
- To understand the importance of roots of real and complex polynomials
- To learnt various methods of obtaining roots.
- To understand the application of De Moivre's Theorem to solve numerical problems.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER
The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section A and B and the compulsory question of section C .

## Section A

Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian, Orthogonal and Unitary Matrices, Elementary Operations on Matrices, Linear Independence of row and column vectors, Row Rank, Column Rank and their equivalence.
Eigen Values, Eigen Vectors and the characteristic equation of a matrix, Properties of eigen values for special type of matrices, Diagonalization, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Consistency of a system of linear equations.

## Section B

Relations between roots and coefficients of a general polynomial, Tranformation of equation, Descarte's rule of signs, Solution of cubic equations (Cardon's method) and Biquadratic equations (Descarte's and Ferrari's method).
De Moivre's theorem and its application, Direct and inverse circular functions, hyperbolic and logarithmic functions, Summation of series.

## Books Recommended

1.T. Andreescu and D. Andrica, Complex Numbers from A to Z, Birkhauser, 2006.
2.E. G. Goodaire and M. M. Parmenter, Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory, $3^{\text {rd }}$

Edition, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd., Indian Reprint, 2005.
3.David C. Lay, Linear Algebra and its Applications, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Indian Reprint, 2007.
4. S. L. Loney, Plane Trigonometry Part-II, New Age International Publisher, 2016.

# BSNM-104 (Paper II): DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

## Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75
Internal Assessment: 23
External Examination: 52

Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To understand the concept of functions of one and two variables.
- To understand the concept of the nth order derivative using Leibnitz theorem.
- To familiarize with concavity convexity and Asymptotes.
- To understand the concept of two or more variables for differential calculus.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section A and B and the compulsory question of section C .

## Section A

Functions of one variable: Successive differentiation, nth order derivative of functions, Leibnitz rule and its problems, Cauchy's Mean Value theorem, Taylor's Theorem with Lagrange's and Cauchy's form of remainder, Maclaurin Series
Concavity, Convexity and Points of Inflexion, Asymptotes, Multiple Points, Curvature, Curve Tracing.

## Section B

Functions of two variables: Limit and Continuity, Partial Derivatives, Interchange of order of differentiation, Schwarz's and Young's theorems, Differentiability, Homogenous functions, Euler's theorem, Total Derivatives, Taylor's Theorem, Jacobians, Maxima and Minima.

## Books Recommended

1.G. B. Thomas, D. M. Weir and J. Hass, Thomas's Calculus, 13th Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi, Indian Reprint, 2017.
2.M. J. Strauss, G. L. Bradley and K. J. Smith, Calculus, 3rd Edition, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education), Delhi, Indian Reprint, 2011.
3.H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, Calculus, 6th Edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia)

Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, Indian Reprint, 2016.
4.G. Prasad, Differential Calculus, $19^{\text {th }}$ Edition, Pothishala Pvt. Ltd., Allahabad, 2016.

## BSNM 105: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY -I: ATOMIC STRUCTURE \& CHEMICAL BONDING

## (Credits: Theory-02)

Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

30 hours
Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

Course Objectives: Objectives of this course are to make the student understand at theoretical level about the:
O1. Structure of chemical compounds, their mechanism, thermodynamics and kinetic studies.
O2. High level mathematics as a tool to understand the atomic and molecular structure, their properties as well as chemical reactivity.
O3. Different types of bonds, nature of bonds and effect of electro-negativity in bonding
O4. Shapes of molecules, their bond angles, bond length and bond strength based on VSEPR theory.
O5. Relative polarity of two or more polar bonds.
Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Understand the formation of chemical compounds by learning the concept of electrostatic attraction and repulsions between the ions, molecules and atoms.
CO2. Appreciate how chemical substances can be described in terms of structure and bond type.
CO3. Understand the concept of electro-negativity and its variation over periodic table to rationalize the nature of bonding in substances.
CO4. Understand the common themes running through ionic, covalent and metallic descriptions of chemical bonding.
CO5. Gain knowledge about the electronic

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all by selecting two questions each from sections A \& B and Section C (9th question) is compulsory.

Section A
Atomic Structure: Dual behaviour of matter and radiation, de Broglie's relation, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle. Hydrogen atom spectra. Need of a new approach to Atomic structure.
Quantum mechanics: Introduction, Time independent Schrodinger equation and meaning of various terms in it. Significance of $\psi$ and $\psi^{2}$, Schrödinger equation for hydrogen atom. Radial and angular parts of the hydogenic wavefunctions (atomic orbitals) and their variations for $1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{p}$, $3 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{p}$ and 3d orbitals (Only graphical representation). Radial and angular nodes and their significance. Radial distribution functions and the concept of the most probable distance with special reference to 1 s and 2 s atomic orbitals. Significance of quantum numbers, orbital angular momentum and quantum numbers ml and ms . Shapes of $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{p}$ and d atomic orbitals, nodal planes. Discovery of spin, spin quantum number (s) and magnetic spin quantum number (ms). Rules for filling electrons in various orbitals, Electronic configurations of the atoms. Pauli's exclusion principle „Hund's rule ,Aufbau principle and limitation. Stability of half- flled and completely filled orbitals,
concept of exchange energy. Relative energies of atomic orbitals, Anomalous electronic configurations.

## Section B

## Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

Ionic Bonding: General characteristics of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.
Covalent bonding: Hybridization and its different types, VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements $(\mathrm{BeF} 2$, $\mathrm{BF}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{PCl}_{5}, \mathrm{SF}_{6}, \mathrm{IF}_{7}, \mathrm{SnCl}_{2}, \mathrm{XeF}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{NO}^{3-}, \mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{ClO}^{4-}$ ).
Concept of resonance and resonating structures in various inorganic and organic compounds. MO Approach: Linear combinations of atomic orbitals, combination of 2 s and 2 p atomic orbitals, conditions for the combination of atomic orbitals, energy level diagram for molecular orbitals, electronic configuration and molecular behavior, bonding in homonuclear diatomic molecules , molecular orbital energy level diagrams for heteronuclear diatomic molecules. Comparison of VB and MO theory.

## Reference Books:

1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
2. Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G. \& Gaus, P.L. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd ed., Wiley.
3. Douglas, B.E., McDaniel, D.H. \& Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley \& Sons.
4. Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R.L. \& Medhi, O.K. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education India, 2006.

BSNM-105: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I: GENERAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY \& ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS (Credits: Theory-02)

Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

## 30 hours

Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. Recognize many functional groups and their reactivity.
O2. Describe the bonding models and appreciate how this impact on the properties of a simple molecule.
O3. Draw logical and detailed mechanisms for various fundamental reactions of alkanes, cyclo-alkanes, alkenes, dienes and arenes.

O4. Classify molecules as chiral or a chiral, identify the relationships between pairs of molecules as enantiomers, diastereomers or equivalent and identify when a solution is racemic verses optically active.

Outcomes: At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Classify the organic molecules by their functional groups and identify fundamental properties associated with these functional groups.
CO2. Predict and explain patterns in stability, shape, hybridization, reactivity and product formation when resonance or conjugation applies to a reactant, intermediate or final product.
CO3. To predict products including their stereochemistry in the reactions of alkanes, alkenes, dienes and arenes.
CO4. Learn the IUPAC names of alkanes, alkenes and aromatics including cyclic molecules.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each.Use of scientific nonprogrammable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all by selecting two questions eachfrom sections A \& B and Section C (9th question) is compulsory.

## Sectiom A

## Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry

Physical Effects, Electronic Displacements: Inductive Effect, Electromeric Effect, Resonance and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis.
Structure, shape and reactivity of organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals, carbine and nitrene(structure, stability, preparation and reactions).
Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule.
Stereochemistry
Conformations with respect to ethane, butane and cyclohexane. Interconversion of Wedge Formula, Newmann, Sawhorse and Fischer representations. Concept of chirality (upto two carbon atoms). Configuration: Geometrical and Optical isomerism; Enantiomerism, Diastereomerism and Meso compounds). Threo and erythro; D and L; cis - trans nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/S (for upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{Z}$ Nomenclature (for upto two $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ systems).

## Section B

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons
Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations \& reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.
Alkanes: (Upto 5 Carbons). Isomerism in alkanes, sources, methods offormation (with special reference to Wurtz reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carboxylic acids), physical properties and Mechanism of free radical halogenation of alkanes:
orientation, reactivity and selectivity.
Cyclo alkanes: Cycloalkanes--nomenclature, chemical reactions, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations. Ring strain in small rings (cyclopropane and cyclobutane), theory of strain less rings. The case of cyclopropane ring: banana bonds

Alkenes: (Upto 5 Carbons) Preparation: Elimination reactions: Dehydration of alkenes and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (Saytzeff's rule); cis alkenes (Partial catalytic hydrogenation) and trans alkenes (Birch reduction). Reactions: cis-addition (alk. KMnO4) and trans-addition (bromine), Addition of HX (Markownikoff's and anti-Markownikoff's addition), Hydration, Ozonolysis, oxymecuration-demercuration, Hydroboration-oxidation.
Dienes: Nomenclature and classification of dienes: isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes. Structure of allenes and butadiene, methods of formation, polymerization. Chemical reactions-I, 2 and 1,4 additions, Diels-Alder reaction
Alkynes: (Upto 5 Carbons) Nomenclature, structure and bonding in alkynes. Methods of formation. Chemical reactions of alkynes, acidityn of alkynes. Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions hydroboration-oxidation. metal-ammonia reductions, oxidation and polymerization.

## Reference Books:

1. Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B. \& Dnyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley \& Sons (2014).
2. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, $7^{\text {th }}$ Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
3. Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
4. Eliel, E.L. Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata McGraw Hill education, 2000.
5. Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I \& II), E.L.B.S.
6. Morrison, R.T. \& Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Pearson, 2010.
7. Bahl, A. \& Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.

# BSNM-105: CHEMISTRY-I PRACTICAL (Credit - 02) 

Max Marks: 50
Semester paper: 50

60 hours
Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{h r s}$

Pass Marks: 35\%

## Section A: Inorganic Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis

1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.
2. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$.
3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$.
4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ using internal indicator.
5. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$.

## Section B: Organic Chemistry

1. Detection of extra elements $(\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{I})$ in organic compounds (containing upto two extra elements)
2. Separation of mixtures by Chromatography: Measure the Rf value in each case (combination of two compounds to be given)
Identify and separate the components of a given mixture of two dyes (red and blue ink, flurescent and methylene blue) by paper chromatography

## Reference Books:

1. Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
2. Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
3. Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. \& Smith, P.W.G.,
4. Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
5. Mann, F.G. \& Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS AND CANDIDATES
The practical examination will be held in single session (morning/evening). Candidates are required to perform practicals from volumetric Analysis and TLC. Distribution of marks will be as under (Books may be consulted):
(1) Volumetry analysis $=15$ marks (Initial write up 5 marks
(Volumetry; equation:1, Indicator:1, end point:1 and general calculations:2)
Performance and results: 10 marks (initial burette reading: 1, final reading:1, end point:1 calculations and result:7)
(2) TLC
(3) Detection of extra elements

Note Books $=5$ marks

Total $=10$ marks (Performance and result)
$=10$ marks (Performance and result)
$=10$ marks
$=50 \mathrm{marks}$

# BSMN 105-A: FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY <br> 6 CREDITS: 4H (L) + 4H (P) 

Time: 3 hours
Pass Marks: 35\%
External Marks: 70
Internal Assessment: 30marks
Total Teaching Hours: 45-50

## Course Objective

The objective of the course is to understand the basics of Computer, its terminology and different office tools.

## Course Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to:
CO1: To understand the basic concepts, terminology of IT and familiar with the use of IT tools.
CO 2 : To Learn and explore new IT techniques in various applications and to identify the issues related to security.
CO3: To learn working knowledge of hardware and software of computer.
CO4: To learn the various features of MS-Office.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section $C$ will have 10-15 short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and the entire section C .

## UNIT-I

Computer Fundamentals: Block diagram of Computer, Characteristics and Types of Computers. Number System: Non-positional and positional number systems, Base conversion, Concept of Bit and Byte, binary, decimal, hexadecimal, and octal systems, conversion from one system to the other.
Input/output Devices: Keyboard \& Mouse, Trackball, Joystick, Scanner (OCR, OMR, MICR) DisplaysCRT, LCD, LED, Plotter, Printer-Impact \& Non- Impact Printers, Speakers
Memories: Types, Units of Memory, Primary Storage-RAM, ROM, Cache, Virtual Memory. Secondary Storage -Drives - CD, DVD(R/W), Hard Disk, Pen Drive.
Languages: Machine, Assembly, High-Level, Translators (Assembler, Compiler \& Interpreter), Algorithm \& Flow Charts, Hardware, Software, Application Software \& System Software.

## UNIT-II

Windows: Introduction and features of Windows, Installing Windows, Basic elements of Windows, Starting and Quitting Windows, Windows Explorer, Files, Folders, Flash Drives, Finding Lost or Misplaced Files, Folders, and Programs, Control Panel, Customizing Windows.
MS-WORD: Introduction Basic Editing, Formatting, Templates, Working With Graphics and Pictures, Tables, Desktop Publishing, Mail Merge, Proofing, Printing, and Publishing, Comparing, Merging, and Protecting Documents.
MS-POWERPOINT: Introduction, Using Themes and Layouts, Inserting Text and Using WordArt,

Inserting Graphics (Tables, Charts, Shapes, Clip-Art), Working with Videos, Movie-Clips, Animations, and Transitions, Sounds, Editing, Saving, Printing and Publishing Tools, Help.
MS-EXCEL: Introduction, Worksheets and Workbooks, Entering Information into MS Excel, formatting a Worksheet, Adding Elements to a Workbook, Charts, Formulas and Calculations, Statistical functions and financial functions.

## Suggested Readings:

1. P.K. Sinha and P. Sinha, "Foundations of Computing", BPB.
2. A. Goel, "Computer Fundamentals", Pearson Education.
3. V. Rajaraman, Computer fundamentals, PHI.
4. Ed Bott and Woody Leonhard, Special Edition Using Microsoft Office 2007.

## BSNM 105-A: SOFTWARE LAB-I <br> (BASED ON FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY) <br> Maximum Marks: 50 <br> Internal Assessment: 15 <br> Minimum Pass Marks: 35\% <br> Maximum Time: 3 Hours

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation)
ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation)

15 Marks
20 Marks

## Students are required to develop the following activities I

MS-Word
Activity 1:
i. Create, open, save and close a document.
ii. Typing, copying, moving and deleting data in word document.
iii. Perform Save and Save as, Cut and Copy, Paste and Paste Special.

## Activity 2:

Formatting of data in word Document:-
i. Text formatting (font size, font style, font color, subscript, superscript, upper/lower case etc.)
ii. Text Alignment and character spacing.
iii. Indention and line spacing.
iv. Border and shading.
v. Bullets and Numbering

## Activity 3:

i. Find and replace and data sorting in a document.
ii. Protect your document.
iii. Add chart in word document. Create different types of Charts in word.
iv. Set a size, margin, orientation of page, Hyphenation, Columns and Line Numbers in MS-Word.

## Activity 4:

i. Set Page Color, Page Border, Themes, and Watermarks in MS-Word.
ii. Adding Tables, header/footers, pictures, page numbers and special symbols, Text Box in your word document.
iii. Showing Ruler, Gridlines, Document Map, Thumbnails, Inserting Word Art, Drop Cap, Hyperlink, Equation etc. in word document

## Activity 5:

i. Arranging, splitting windows in MS-word?
ii. Perform Mail-merge in MS-word.
iii. Create and run Macros in MS-Word.
iv. Set the print properties of a word document.
II. PowerPoint

## Activity 1:

i. Create, open, save and close a Presentation.
ii. Typing, copying, moving and deleting data in presentation.
iii. New Slide, understanding Slide Layout, adding and deleting slides.

## Activity 2:

Formatting of data in slides:-

1. Text formatting (font size, font style, font color, subscript, superscript, upper/lower case etc.)
2. Text Alignment and character spacing.
3. Indention and line spacing.
4. Border and shading.
5. Bullets and Numbering

## Activity 3:

i. Set a size, margin, orientation of slides in PowerPoint.
ii. Adding Tables, header/footers, pictures, page numbers and special symbols, Text Box etc. in your presentation.

## Activity 4:

i. Adding Animation and Transition Effects in Slides, Understanding Slide Show
ii. Presentation Views, Understanding Formatting commands in PowerPoint

## Activity 5:

i. Create and run Macros in PowerPoint.
ii. Arranging, splitting windows in MS-PowerPoint.
III. MS-Excel

## Activity 1

i. Create, open, save and close work book.
ii. Create a new worksheet, renaming and moving sheet.
iii. Entering, copying, moving and deleting data in cells and worksheets.
iv. Insert and delete cells, columns and rows in MS-Excel.

## Activity 2:

Formatting of data in cells:-
i. Text formatting (font size, font style, font color, Cell border etc.)
ii. Text Alignment.
iii. Text Orientation, Text Direction, Text Control.

## Activity 3:

i. Find and replace data in a sheet.
ii. Perform data sorting and data filtering in MS-Excel.
iii. Protect your Worksheet and Workbook?
iv. Enter and perform some basic formulas in ms-excel.

Activity 4:
i. Perform some basic Functions in MS-Excel.
ii. Create a chart in MS-Excel.
iii. Create different types of Charts in excel.
iv. Set a size, margin, orientation of page in Ms-Excel.
v. The print properties of a worksheet in MS-Excel.

## Activity 5:

i. Hide and unhide row and column in MS-Excel.
ii. Set column width and row height in MS-Excel.
iii. Adding text Box, header/footers, pictures and special symbols in your worksheet.
iv. Arranging, splitting and hiding windows in MS-Excel. And also freezing panes
v. Create and run Macros in MS-Excel.

## SEMESTER-II

## BSNM 201: येथठ - थేत्तాप्वी கান্ন্नभी (Punjabi Compulsory)

कूछिट: $4(3+1)$
भपिभायत चे थीठीभइ यूडी गढडा : 05
वैल भृव : 100 भुव
दिम्ने दिॅँं यग्म भिव : $35 \%$
भंटग్రती भुलांवट : 30 भंव
लिभ्जडी यूीधिभा : 70 मिव


## Course Outcomes



 थैत्वम्वी काम्ना सी लिभी गुठसुथी प्रा्ठे।
 जै।

## मिलेघ्म भड्डे थரర थ्रमउर








भंव हंड भडे थेथठ मैटठ लप्टी उटास्टिउं







10 भiर

 $10 \times 2=20$ भid
 भंटग्रती भुलावट 30 भiव




- फूॅप थंताप्वी छिचग्वट/लिषट रा भविभाग

- याठब्भ ठत्ल मर्षपिड भमाप्टीभैंट डिभाठ वठरा
- वग्लत्त से विमे मभागाभ/हिसिभिव ट्ड सी निथैगट डिभाग वठता


## मगएटि यग्ठ- मॅॅठठी










Note:-Those students who have not studied Punjabi up to matriculation can opt for Elementary Punjabi (Mudla Gyan). Other students will study compulsory Punjabi.

ूㅡㄹ ：4（3＋1）
क్लॅल भृव ： 100
लिधडी यू氏िभा ： 70 भंव
लिध्रुी पूीिभिए टा मभं ： 3 खंटे
दिमे हिॅँं थग्म भिव ： $35 \%$ भंटगुती भुलावट ： 30 भंव भपिभाथत से पीठीभइ थूडी उढ़ा ： 05


## Course Outcome



 मभवॅष च सांटेगठ ।

## मिलेप्म भडे यர्ठ थ्रमउव

 बाठ－8

## मघप तँइ ：（भग्डठ मगिउ）


（2）डिंत भॅधठी मृषां से तँइ
（3）घण－भॅघठी म्वघां से तॅइ
10 भiर

## बग्वा－भ

## भ． 1 मघट मठेटीभां：यढ्बाट डे हठ亏ं ：


टिभावठतर टठठ：लिता，हछत，चुणध，वए्ल
भ． 2 म्नव्ट म्नेटीभां टी हा्वां हिच हगऊं：



## बगठ－प


भगोउन，पिह्वेउठ，मभाम，Е्गठ्र्डी
उग्ठ－म
थंत्मप्यी मघघट्टली ठग्ल ताट－यद्वा्ट ：
1．विटट्री（51－100）
2．यन्Е－थंह्वीभां से ठां
3．ठाँवे भड्डे रासरे யठ से विम्नउिभां से ठां
4．भाह्ताम्टी टे मापठां से ठां
5．யनेल्ड हमउां टी मृषटाहली
10 भiव

> काठा-ठ

मग्ठे मिलेष्टम＇亏े भपग्ठ टम भघत्वैरटिद्ड टाप्टीय यूम्नत। $10 \times 2=20$ भid
भंव हीउ भडे पेयठ मेटठ लटी ग्टाट्टिउां
 टिटिभाष्बीभां टी मीभा గ్ㄷ पिभाठ टिت नॅध वे टिम्नषिड रीउा ताद्दे।


4. हठटाउमर यूमूर ता थुॅहे ताट।
 टेटी लाॅ্तनी जै।




भंचग्रठी भुलावट 30 भiव


 भडे टिसिभाग्वी गेठ लिपे रानत्त वठतगो।

- फ़्पॉप थंकाप्ती छिच्नट/किषट रा भविभाम

- याठब्न ठत्ल मर्षपिड भमाप्टीमैंट डिभात वगठा
- वालकत से विमे मभागान/हिसिभर ट्ड सी निथेग्ट डिभाठ वगठा


## मगटिव थ्रमउव-म్छी

 यटिभाल्ला,2009.


 यटिभात्ता,2011.
5. Hardev Bahri, Teach Yourself Punjabi, Punjabi University, Patiala, 2011.
6. Ujjal Singh Bahri and Paramjit Singh Wallia, Introductory Punjabi, Punjabi University, Patiala, 2011.

うट: Only those students who have not studied Punjabi up to matriculation can opt for Elementary
Punjabi. Other students will study Compulsory Punjabi.

## BSNM 202: ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS

## Credit: 4: 4H (L)

Time: 3 hours
Maximum Marks: 100
Pass Marks: 35\%

Theory: 70 marks
Periods per week: 5
Internal Assessment: 30 marks

Course Objectives: After the successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Acquaint with the rhythm, metrics and other musical aspects of poetry
- Understand, discuss and critically analyze selected poems by different poets
- Understand and appreciate poetry as a literary art form
- Enhance their vocabulary


## Section - A

Text Prescribed: Flames of Inspiration, edited by Department of English, Khalsa College, Patiala, 2017
Testing:
Q1. (a) One essay-type question with an internal alternative on summary, central idea and theme in about 250 words. 12 marks
(b) Five short answer questions to be attempted out of the given eight from the prescribed text in about 30-40 words each.
$5 \times 3=15$ marks

## Section-B

Q.2. Writing Skills:
a. Letter Writing: Formal and Informal letters

Testing: One letter to be attempted out of the given two
b. Banner Writing on the given topic (Social, Political, Economic and Religious)
Q.3. Grammar and Vocabulary:
(a) Grammar

Prescribed Text: Oxford Practice Grammar by John Eastwood, Oxford University Press, 2006

1. Ex. 40-59

Testing: Attempt any 10 sentences out of the given 12
2. Ex. 60 to 75

Testing: Attempt any 10 sentences out of the given 12
(b) Vocabulary

Prescribed Text: The Students' Companion by Wilfred D. Best, Harper Collins Publishers, 2010

1. Antonyms: pages $131 \& 132$ marks

Testing: Attempt all 6 Antonyms
2. Synonyms: pages $135 \& 136$

3 marks
Testing: Attempt all 6 Synonyms
INTERNAL ASSESSMENT
Internal Assessment will be given on the basis of attendance, MSTs and over-all performance in the class. There will also be an internal viva based on the following topics of practical relevance. The teacher should focus on enhancing the skills of the students in writing, speaking and reading. One period per week will be allotted for covering these topics:-

1. Describing the Recipe of your favourite dish (step- wise description of the dish is required)
2. Giving directions to someone who wants to reach a particular destination
3. Writing a Banner
4. Extempore- speaking impromptu on the given topics

Note: A Scrap Book to be made by the student on the given topics.

## Books Recommended for Grammar and Composition:

The Written Word by Vandana R. Singh, Oxford University Press, 2006.
Essential English Grammar by Raymond Murphy, Cambridge University Press (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ ed.), 2009

Advanced Grammar in Use by Martin Hewings. Cambridge University Press (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ ed.), 2008
English Vocabulary in Use by Michael MacCarthy and Felicity O'Dell. Cambridge University press, 2008

# BSMN 203: PHYSICS <br> ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM 

## Maximum Marks: External 70

Internal: 30
Total: 100

Time Allowed: 3 Hours
Total Teaching hours: 60
Pass Marks: 35\%

On successful completion of the course students would have:

CO1: Gain knowledge on the vector analysis.
CO2: Understand the concept of electrostatics and its applications on conductors and dielectrics.
CO3: Understand the concept of magnetism and magnetic materials such as paramagnetic, diamagnetic and ferromagnetic substances.

CO4: Gain knowledge on electromagnetic induction and its applications.
CO5: Acquire the knowledge of electromagnetic waves and Maxwell's equations.
Out of 100 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 30 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 70 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 10 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 10 marks. Section C will carry 30 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and B, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 10 marks and section C carries 30 marks. Use of scientific calculators is allowed

## Section - A

Vector Analysis: Review of vector algebra (Scalar and Vector product), gradient, divergence, Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors (statement only).
Electrostatics: Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theoremElectric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarization, Displacement vector. Gauss's theorem in dielectrics. Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

## Section - B

## Magnetism:

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law and its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector potential. Ampere's circuital law. Introduction of dia-, para-and ferromagnetic materials. Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction. Behaviour of various substances in magnetic field. Permeability and susceptibilities and their inter-relationship. Orbital motion of electrons and diamagnetism. Electron spin and Paramagnetism. Definition of M and H and their relation to free and bound currents. Ferromagnetism. Domain theory of Ferromagnetism. Hysteresis Loss. Magnetization curve Ferrites.

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.
Maxwells equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation: Equation of continuity of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.

## Reference Books:

1. Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education
2. Electricity \& Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes \& J.Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press
3. Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
5. D.J.Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.

## BSMN 203: PHYSICS LAB

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM (PRACTICAL)

After successful completion of the course, the student is expected to have:

CO1: A working knowledge of electrical circuits and variation of magnetic field.
CO2: The ability to identify, formulates, and solve problems related to electricity and magnetism.
CO3: The ability to conduct, analyse and interpret experiments in this discipline.
CO4: The ability to use modern physics techniques and tools, including mathematical techniques, graphs and laboratory instrumentation.

CO5: A hands on experience on ballistic galvanometer, RC, LCR circuits, Carey Foster's Bridge, and use of multimeter.

## Maximum Marks: 50

## 60 Lectures

1. To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.
2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
(i) Measurement of charge and current sensitivity
(ii) Measurement of CDR
(iii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
(iv) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method.
3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
4. Measurement of field strength $B$ and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine $\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{dx}$ ).
5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
6. To study the series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant Frequency, (b) Quality Factor
7. To study a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor
8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge.
9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorem
10.To verify the Superposition, and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.

## Reference Books

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint \& H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
2. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
3. Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi \& B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
4. dvanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers

# BSNM-204 (PAPER III): SEQUENCE AND SERIES <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

## Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75

## Internal Assessment: 23

## External Examination: 52

Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To assimilate the notions of limit of a sequence and convergence of a sequence of real numbers.
- To recognize bounded, convergent, divergent, Cauchy and monotonic sequences and to calculate their limit superior, limit inferior, and the limit of a bounded sequence.
- To test the convergence and divergence of an infinite series of real numbers
- To give knowledge of different kinds of convergence criterion for series
- To give knowledge of different kinds of tests for convergence/ divergence.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section C .

## Section A

Sequences, Bounded and unbounded sequences, Convergence and divergence of sequence, Limit of a sequence, Algebra of convergent sequences, Monotone Sequences, Monotone Convergence Theorem, Cauchy's first and second theorem on limits, Cauchy Stolze's Theorem, Cesaro's Theorem.
Subsequences, peak point of sequence, Divergence Criteria, Monotone Subsequence Theorem, Bolzano Weierstrass Theorem for Sequences, Sub - sequential limits of a sequence, Cauchy sequence, Cauchy's Convergence Criterion.

## Section B

Infinite series, convergence and divergence of infinite series, Alternating series, Leibnitz test, Absolute and Conditional convergence, Cauchy's Criterion, Series with positive terms Standard tests of convergence(without proof): Comparison test, Root Test and Ratio Test, Cauchy's Condensation test, Kummer's Test, Raabe's Test, Logarithmic Test, Gauss Test and Integral test, Abel's and Drichlet's Test.
Re-arrangement of absolutely convergent series, Reimann's re-arrangement theorem.

## Books Recommended

1.R.G. Bartle and D. R. Sherbert, Introduction to Real Analysis, 3rd Edition, John Wiley (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
2.G. Bilodeau, P. Thie, G. E. Keough, An Introduction to Analysis, 2nd Edition, Jones \& Bartlett, 2010.
3.B. S. Thomson, J. B. Bruckner and A. M. Bruckner, Elementary Real Analysis, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition, Prentice Hall, 2001.
4.S. K. Berberian, A First Course in Real Analysis, Springer Verlag, New York, 1994.
5. S.C. Malik and S. Arora, Mathematical Analysis, New Academic Science Publisher, 2017

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To understand the properties of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola.
- To be well-versed with sphere, cone and cylinder
- To enable the students to aware the applications of plane and solid geometry.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section A and B and the compulsory question of section C .

## Section A

Transformation of axes, shifting of origin, rotation of axes, reduction of the second degree equation into standard forms by transformation of co-ordinates. The invariants $t, \Delta$ and $\theta$. Identification of curves represented by second degree equation.
Parabola, Ellipse, Hyperbola:Pole and polar, pair of tangents from a point, chord of contact, equation of the chord in terms of mid point and diameter of conic.
Conjugate diameters, Conjugate hyperbola, Asymptotes of a hyperbola, rectangular hyperbola.

## Section B

Sphere: General equation of a sphere, Plane section of a sphere, Intersection of two spheres, Sphere through a given circle, Intersection of a straight line and a sphere, Equation of a tangent plane to sphere, Condition of tangency, Plane of contact, Orthogonal Spheres, Angle of intersection of two spheres, Length of tangent, radical plane, coaxial system of spheres.
Cone: Equation of a cone whose vertex is at origin, Equation of a cone with a given vertex and a given conic as base, Condition that general equation of second degree represent a cone, Equation of a tangent plane, Condition of tangency of a plane and a cone, Reciprocal cone, Right circular cone.
Cylinder: Tangent plane, Enveloping cylinder, Cylinder as Limiting form of cone.

## Books Recommended

1. S. L. Loney, The Elements of Coordinate Geometry, Macmillan and Company, London, 1895.
2. G. Prasad and H.C. Gupta, Text Book on Coordinate Geometry, Pothishala Pvt. Ltd., Allahabad, 2000.
3. P. K. Jain and Khalil Ahmad, A Text Book of Analytical Geometry of two Dimensions, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1994.
4. N. Saran and R. S. Gupta, Analytical Geometry of Three Dimensions, Pothishala Pvt. Ltd., Allahabad,2017.
5. R. J. T. Bell, Elementary Treatise on Coordinate Geometry of Three Dimensions, Macmillan India Ltd., 1994.

## Max Marks: 50

Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

30 hours
Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. State the various laws of thermodynamics and define heat, work, thermal efficiency and different between various forms of energy.
O2. Describe the energy exchange processes in terms of various forms of energy, heat and work.
O3. Describe a system at chemical equilibrium and position of equilibrium.
O4. Describe the difference between completion for irreversible and reversible chemical reactions.
Outcomes: at the end of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Describe why concentration of reactants and products donot changes at equilibrium stage.
CO2. Describe the set of conditions where a chemical reaction can reasonably be treated as an irreversible and reversible reaction.
CO3. Deal with thermal equilibrium using Zeroth law of thermodynamics.
CO4. Predict the feasibility of a reaction on the basis of concept of entropy and Gibbs free energy.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES
Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all by selecting two questions each from sections A \& B and Section C (9th question) is compulsory.
Section A

## Thermodynamics- I

Definition of thermodynamics terms: system, surroundings. Types of systems, intensive and extensive properties. State and path functions and their differentials, Thermodynamic processes, Concept of heat and work, elementary idea of thermochemistry.
First Law of Thermodynamics: statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law. Joule Thomson coefficient and inversion temperature, Calculation of $\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{dU} \& \mathrm{dH}$ for the expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process. Variation of enthalpy of a reaction with temperature - Kirchhoff's equation.
Second law of thermodynamics: need for the law, different statements of the law, Carnot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot theorem.
Concept of entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of $V \& T$, entropy as a function of $\mathrm{P} \boldsymbol{\&} \mathrm{T}$, entropy change in physical change, Clausius inequality, entropy as a criterion of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases mixing of gases.

## Section B

## Thermodynamics-II

Third law of thermodynamics, Nernst heat theorem, statement and concept of residual entropy, evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data, Gibbs and Helmholtz functions; Gibbs function (G) and Helmhotz function (A) as thermodynamic quantities. A \& G as criteria for
thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change. Variation of G and A with P,V and T.

## Chemical and ionic equilibrium:

Free energy change in a chemical reaction. Thermodynamic derivation of the law of chemical equilibrium. Le Chatelier's principle. Relationships between $\mathrm{Kp}, \mathrm{Kc}$ and Kx for reactions involving ideal gases. Reaction isotherm and Van't Hoff equation and Clausius-Claperyron equation Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect. Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts - applications of solubility product principle.

## Reference Books:

1. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
2. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
3. Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. \& Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry Cengage 4. Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
4. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
5. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.:New York (1985).

# BSNM-205:ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II: FUNCTIONAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY <br> (Credits: Theory-02) 

Max Marks : 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15
Objectives: the students will be able to:
O1. Predict the products of the reactions of carbonyl compound with Grignard reagent, hydride ion donor and phosphonium ylides etc.
O2. Write the mechanism and products for nucleophilic addition, elimination reactions of carbonyl compounds.
O3.Classify the alcohols, phenols, ether, aldehydes and ketones and also name them according to IUPAC and common nomenclature.
O4. Understand the types of reactions like $\mathrm{SN}^{1} \& \mathrm{SN}^{2}$ with energy profile diagrams.
Outcomes: At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Identify the difference between various organic compounds on the basis of functional groups attached and their respective properties.
CO2. Acquire the knowledge of various industrial chemical reactions.
CO3. Draw structures of various organic compounds on the basis of hybridization and MOT.
CO4. Gain knowledge about the standard conditions for occurrence of organic reactions.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all by selecting two questions each from sections A \& B and Section C (9th question) is compulsory.

## Section A

(15 Hrs)
Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations \& reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.
Aromatic hydrocarbons
Structure of benzene Stability and carbon-carbon bond lengths of benzene, resonance structure, MO picture
Preparation (Case benzene): from phenol, by decarboxylation, from acetylene, from benzene sulphonic acid.
Reactions: (Case benzene): Electrophilic substitution: nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Friedel-Craft's reaction (alkylation and acylation) (upto 4 carbons on benzene). Side chain oxidation of alkyl benzenes (upto 4 carbons on benzene).
Alkyl and Aryl Halides
Alkyl Halides (Upto 5 Carbons) Types of Nucleophilic Substitution ( $\mathrm{SN}_{1}, \mathrm{SN}_{2}$ ) reactions. $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 2$ and $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 1$ reactions with energy profile diagrams
Preparation: from alkenes and alcohols.
Reactions: hydrolysis, nitrite \& nitro formation, nitrile \& isonitrile formation. Williamson's ether synthesis: Elimination vs substitution.

Aryl Halides Preparation: (Chloro, bromo and iodo-benzene case): from phenol, Sandmeyer \& Gattermann reactions.
Reactions (Chlorobenzene): Aromatic nucleophilic substitution (replacement by - OH group) and effect of nitro substituent. Benzyne Mechanism: $\mathrm{KNH}_{2} / \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ (or $\mathrm{NaNH}_{2} / \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ ).
Reactivity and Relative strength of C-Halogen bond in alkyl, allyl, benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

## Section B

(15 Hrs)
Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers
Classification and nomenclature.
Monohydric Alcohols-nomenclature, methods of formation by reduction of aldehydes, ketone, carboxylic acids and esters. Hydrogen bonding, Acidic nature, Reactions of alcohols.
Dihydric alcohols-nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycolsnomenclature, methods of formation chemical reaction of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage with $[\mathrm{Pb}$ (OAc) 4 and $\left.\mathrm{HIO}_{4}\right]$ and Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.
Trihydric alcohol-nomenclature, methods of formation and chemical reactions of glycerol.
Phenols.

Nomenclature, structure and bonding. Preparation of Phenols, physical properties and acidic character. Comparative acidic strengths of alcohols and phenols, resonanace stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of phenols-electrophilic aromatic subsititution, acylation and carboxylation Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement. Gatterman synthesis, Hauben. Hostch reaction. LedererMianasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction.
Ethers
Nomenclature of ethers and methods of their formation, physical properties, Chemical reactionscleavage and autooxidation, Ziesel' s Method.
Aldehydes and Ketones
Nomenclature and structure of the carbonyl group, Synthesis of aldehydes and ketones with particular reference to the synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehyes and ketones using 1,3-dithianes, synthesis of ketones from nitrites and from carboxylic acids. Physical properties and Mechanism of nucleophillic addition to carbonyl group with particular emphasis of Benzoin, Aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensations, Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives, Wittig reaction, and Mannich reaction.
Use of acetals as protecting group. Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction, MPV (Meerwein Pondoroff Vorley) reaction, Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, $\mathrm{LiAIH}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ reductions. Halogenation of enolizable ketones.
An Introduction to $\square, \square$ unsaturated aldehydes and ketones, Michael addition.

## Reference Books:

1. Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B. \& Dnyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley \& Sons (2014).
2. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, $7^{\text {th }}$ Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
3. Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
4. Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I \& II), E.L.B.S.
5. Morrison, R.T. \& Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Pearson, 2010.
6. Bahl, A. \& Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.

## BSNM-205: CHEMISTRY -II PRACTICAL (Credit -02)

hrs
Pass Marks: 35\%

## Section A: Physical Chemistry

Thermochemistry

1. Determination of heat capacity of calorimeter for different volumes.
2. Determination of enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
3. Determination of enthalpy of ionization of acetic acid.
4. Determination of integral enthalpy of solution of salts ( $\mathrm{KNO} 3, \mathrm{NH} 4 \mathrm{Cl}$ ).
5. Determination of enthalpy of hydration of copper sulphate.
6. Study of the solubility of benzoic acid in water and determination of enthalpy. Ionic equilibria pH measurements
a) Measurement of pH of different solutions like aerated drinks, fruit juices, shampoos and soaps
b) (use dilute solutions of soaps and shampoos to prevent damage to the glass electrode) using pH -meter.
b) Preparation of buffer solutions:
(i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid
(ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide

Measurement of the pH of buffer solutions and comparison of the values with the oretical values.

## Section B: Organic Chemistry

1. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization (from water and alcohol).
2. Criteria of Purity: Determination of melting and boiling points.
3. Preparations: Mechanism of various reactions involved to be discussed. Recrystallisation, determination of melting point and calculation of quantitative yields to be done.
(a) Benzoylation of amines/phenols
(b) Oxime and 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone of aldehyde/ketone

## Reference Books

1. Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. \& Smith, P.W.G.,
2. Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
3. Mann, F.G. \& Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.
4. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. \& Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry,
5. R. Chand \& Co.: New Delhi (2011).

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS AND CANDIDATES

The practical examination will be held in single session (morning/evening ). Candidates are required to perform
practicals from volumetric Analysis and TLC. Distribution of marks will be as under (Books may be consulted):
(1) Organic Chemistry Experiment
(a) Preparation $=10$ marks (Preparation:5, recrystallisation: 3, Determination of melting point: (2)
(b) Purification and determination of melting point (5)

Physical Chemistry Experiment=20 marks (initial Write up 7 marks
(Theory/principle: 2, Procedure: 2, General Calculations: 3 )
Performance and result: 13 marks (Full credit up to $10 \%$ error) \}

| (3) $\quad$ Viva-Voce | $=$ | 10 marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (4) $\quad$ Note Books | $=$ | 5 marks |
|  | Total | $=$ |
|  | 50 marks |  |

## BSMN 205-A: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 6 CREDITS: $\mathbf{4 H}(\mathrm{L})+\mathbf{4 H}(\mathrm{P})$

Time: 3 hours
Pass Marks: 35\%

External Marks: 70
Internal Assessment: 30
marks
Total Teaching Hours: 45-50
Course Objective
The objective of the course is to understand the basics of Database Management System and to make students capable of creating database and working with it.

Course Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course students will able to:
C01: Gain a good understanding of the architecture and functioning of database management systems, Principles of data modeling and normalization techniques.
CO2: Explore the components of relational database management system.
C03: Understand the use of structured query language and its syntax, transactions, database recovery and techniques for query optimization.

CO4: Acquire the practical knowledge of MySQL.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section C will have 10-15 short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section A, B and the entire section C.

UNIT - I
Database Management Systems: Introduction, Definition, Characteristics, Classification of DBMS, Database Approaches and its characteristics. Database Administrators, Database Designers, End Users, Application Developers, Advantages of DBMS, Codd Rules.
Architecture: Data Models, Categories of Data Models- Conceptual Data Models, Physical data Models, Representational Data Models: Object Based Models, Record Based Models, Database Schema and Instance, Three Schema Architecture, Data Independence Physical and Logical data Independence.
Database Conceptual Modelling by E-R model: Concepts, Entities and Entity Sets, Attributes, Mapping Constraints, E-R Diagram, Weak Entity Sets, Strong Entity Sets. Enhanced E-R Modelling: Aggregation, Generalization, Converting ER Diagrams to Tables. Relational Data Model: Concepts and Terminology, Characteristics of Relations. Constraints: Integrity Constraints- Entity and Referential Integrity constraints, KeysSuper Keys, Candidate Keys, Primary Keys, Secondary Keys and Foreign Keys.

Relational Algebra: Basic Set Operations: Union, Intersection, Cartesian Product, Division. Additional Operations: Selection, Projection and Join, Examples and Queries.
Normalization: Definition, Need of Normalization, Properties, Functional Dependency, Full Functional Dependency, Transitive Dependency, Normal Forms - 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, Boyce-Codd NF.
Database Design: Guidelines for Designing the Relation Schemas, Problems of Bad Database Design.
MySQL: Getting started with MySQL, MySQL data types, managing MySQL databases and tables, filtering data, joining tables, grouping data, sub queries, set operators, modifying data in MySQL.
Suggested Readings:

1. Elmisry Navathe, "Introduction to Database Systems", Pearson Education India.
2. Henry F. Korth, Abraham, "Database System Concepts", Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Naveen Prakash, "Introduction to Database Management", TMH.
4. C.J. Date, "An Introduction to Data Base Systems", Pearson Education India.

Maximum Marks: 50
Internal Assessment: 15

Maximum Time: 3 hours
Minimum Pass Marks: 35\%

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation) 15 Marks
ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation) 20 Marks

## Students are required to practices following:

1. Create and drop database.
2. Create and drop tables in MySQL
3. Creating queries in MySQL for selection, insertion, update, and deletion of data in tables.
4. Creating query to clone tables, temporary tables and altering tables.
5. Creating queries to handle duplicates in MySQL.
6. Importing and exporting data from MySQL.
7. Creating queries in MySQL for different types of joins.

## N-201: DRUG ABUSE: PROBLEM, MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION

Note: This is a compulsory qualifying paper, which the students have to study and qualify during three years of their degree course.
Time: 3hours
Max Marks: 100
Pass Marks 35\%
Theory: 70
Lectures per week: 4
Internal Assessment: 30

Course Objectives: After the successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Gain knowledge regarding the menace of drug addiction, its problems, and the ways to prevent it


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTERS

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus. Each question shall carry 7 marks. Section C will consist of 14 short answer type of 2 marks each.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt any three questions from section $A$ and any three questions from section $B$. Section C is compulsory.

## UNIT I

- Problem of Drug Abuse: Concept and Overview; Types of Drug Often Abused
a) Concept and Overview: What are drugs and what constitutes Drug Abuse? ; Prevalence of menace of Drug Abuse; Difference between drug abuse Drug Dependence and Drug Addiction?
; Physical and psychological dependence- concepts of drug tolerance.
b) Introduction to drugs of abuse: Stimulants, Depressants, Narcotics, Hallucinogens and Steroids.
- Nature of the Problem

Vulnerable Age Groups; Signs and symptoms of Drug Abuse: (a) Physical indicators, (b)- Academic indicators,(c)- Behavioral and Psychological indicators.

## UNIT II

- Causes and Consequences of Drug Abuse
a) Causes: Physiological, Psychological, Sociological
b) Consequences of Drug Abuse: For individuals, for families, For society \& Nation.
- Management \& Prevention of Drug Abuse

Management of Drug Abuse
Prevention of Drug Abuse
Role of Family, School, Media, Legislation \& De-addiction Centers

## Suggested readings

1. Ahuja, Ram,(2003),Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications: Jaipur
2. 2003 National Household Survey of Alcohol and Drug Abuse. New Delhi, Clinical Epidemiological Unit, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, 2004.
3. World Drug Report 2011, United Nations Office of Drug and Crime.
4. World Drug Report 2010, United nations Office of Drug and Crime.
5. Extent, Pattern and Trend of Drug Use in India, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Government of India, 2004.
6. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, (New Delhi: Universal, 2012)
7. Sharma \& Bansal (2017), Drug Abuse: Problem, Management \& Prevention. R.D. Publication, Jalandhar.
8. Verma Meenakshi, (2017), Drug Abuse: Problem, Management \& Prevention. A.P. Publishers, Jalandhar.

## Pedagogy of the Course Work:

The pedagogy of the course work will consist of the following:
$40 \%$ lectures.
$30 \%$ Tutorials (Including Extension lectures and Interactions with Experts dealing with Drug Abuses). $30 \%$ assignments, discussion and seminars and class tests.
Note: A visit to drug de-addiction centre could also be undertaken.

## APPROVED



## B. SC. (NON-MEDICAL) <br> PART-II (SEMESTER-III \& IV)

2021-22

## SEMESTER III

| Paper Code | Subject | Credits |  |  | Marks |  |  | Total Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Theory | Practical | Total | External Theory | Internal Assessment | Practical |  |
| BSNM 301 | Punjabi Compulsory | 4 | 0 | 4 | 70 | 30 | - | 100 |
| BSNM 301 A | Punjabi Compulsory (Mudla Gyan/Elementary Punjabi) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BSNM 302 | Physics:- Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
| BSNM 303 | Mathematics:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper V: Integral Calculus | 4 | 0 | 8 | 52 | 23 | 0 | 150 |
|  | ```Paper VI: Differential Equations``` - I | 4 |  |  | 52 | 23 |  |  |
| BSNM 304 | Chemistry:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (i): Physical Chemistry-II: Solutions, Phase Equilibrium and Electrochemistry | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | (ii): Organic Chemistry-III: <br> Carboxylic Acids and Amines | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |
| BSNM 304-A | Computer Science: Programming Using 'C' | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
| BSNM 305 | Environmental and Road Safety Awareness | 4 | 0 | 4 | 70 | 30 | - | 100 |
|  | TOTAL | 24 | 04 | 28 | 384 | 166 | 100 | 650 |

## SEMESTER IV

| Paper Code | Subject | Credits |  |  | Marks |  |  | Total <br> Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Theory | Practical | Total | External Theory | Internal assessment | Practical |  |
| BSNM 401 | Punjabi Compulsory | 4 | 0 | 4 | 70 | 30 | - | 100 |
| BSNM 401 A | Punjabi Compulsory (Mudla Gyan/Elementary Punjabi) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BSNM 402 | Physics: Waves and Optics | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
| BSNM 403 | Mathematics:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper VII: Real Analysis | 4 | 0 | 8 | 52 | 23 | 0 | 150 |
|  | Paper VIII: Differential Equations-II | 4 |  |  | 52 | 23 |  |  |
| BSNM 404 | Chemistry:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (i): Inorganic Chemistry II: Transition Metal Coordination Chemistry | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | (ii): Physical Chemistry-III: States of Matter \& Chemical | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |


|  | Kinetics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BSNM 404-A | Computer Science: Data <br> Structures | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 0}$ |



APPROVED


Principal
General Shivdev Singh Diwan Gurbachan Singh
Khalsa College Patiala

## (SEMESTER III)

## BSNM 301: यैत'घी लग्त़भी

कैठिट: 04
वَल भீव : 100 भिव
लिधडी पू氏िभा : 70 भिव

भपिभाथत टे थीठीभइ यूडी ग.ढडा : 05
दिमे दिॅँचं थग्म भर्भ : $35 \%$


## Course Objectives


 चै।
 वठवे थैक्प्वी काम्ना सी कियीगुणनुचीघा्ठे।
 पट्रा चै।

<br>बाठ-В




## डग्ग-भ


भ-2: दिभावठट
(i)भुल टिभावठठव टिरम्टीभां टी चह्वा्ट भुडे मषप्थडी
(ii) हाव घटउठ भने हाव उचरा
(iii) Bियहाव घटउठ : यहाट डे वग्णत्त

## बग्ठ-प




## 12 भंव


$6+6=12$ भंव
3. लेध गचता (fिंत टिँच टिर)

10 भंव




## 

## भंचग्रती भ్लाव天

30 भंव





 गैदेगी। टिम लटी पिँव थीगीभइ यूउी ग.ढउा लनाम्टिभा नाट्टेगा ।

## मगट्टि थाठ- मभॅवाठी










Note:- Those students who have not studied Punjabi up to matriculation can opt for थंत'घ्बी लंत्ऱभी (भुँढल




## 

పैइिट: 04
वॅल भृव : 100 भरव
लिधडी यूीधिभा : 70 भिव

भपिभाथठ टे यीठीभ्भ पूडी गढढउा : 05
दिमे दिॅँ̈ थाग्म भ्भव : $35 \%$
भंटग्रती भुलाव天 : 30 भिव

## Course Objectives



3. टिम ठग्गींघागठलेठग्तां से हिसिभाग्री थंताप्वी हैँभुग्गउगमिल रठवे

 Јठ।

## 

## उग्ग-४





## उग्वाभ

 यठमतीउ वेठ, उా. गठत्तीउ वेठ ।
 ठट्टिभा भैठीम़र): मंथए. पे. यठमन्तीउ वें, उा. गठत्तीउ वेंठ।

## डग्ग-प्ट

य'ठवम टे उाना-४ हिचे मंधेय छुउठ हृ्टे यमूर ।
भंव हैं भडे पेथठ मैटठ लप्टी उटाप्टिउ'
 टिम्निउ रीउा तग्टे।



5.विमे वहिउा टा माठ न' टिम्ना -दमड्ज (थ हिच पिँव) 10 भंव
6. वेपी 12 भुग्दतिभां हिँ 10 से भठप टॅम वे हाव' हिँच दठउ $10 \times 1=10$ भீ $\alpha$

10 भंब

 वेहल उग्ग-ब हिछ ठी प్ֵॅहे न'ट्टोो।
$x 2=30$ भiव

## 

## पिटठठल भमैमभट

$$
\text { व్ర"ल }=30 \text { भंव }
$$









## THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

| Maximum Marks: |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| External | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | Time Allowed: $\mathbf{3}$ Hours |
| Internal | 30 | Total Teaching hours: $\mathbf{6 0}$ |
| Total | 100 | Pass Marks: $\mathbf{3 5 \%}$ |

Out of 100 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries $\mathbf{7 0}$ marks.

Instruction for the Paper Setter: The question paper will consist of three sections $A$, $B$ and $C$. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 10 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 10 marks. Section C will carry $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks.

Instruction for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections $A$ and $B$, and the entire section $C$. Each question of sections $A$ and $B$ carries $\mathbf{1 0}$ marks and section $C$ carries $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks. Use of scientific calculators is allowed

Objective : The covers laws of thermodynamics and applications, Thermodynamic Potentials, Maxwell's Thermodynamic Relations, Kinetic theory of gases, molecular collisions and real gas behaviour, Equation of State for Real Gases, Joule-Thomson Effect for Real and Van der Waal Gases.

Section A
Laws of Thermodynamics:
Thermodynamic Description of system: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First
law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP\& CV, Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility \& Expansion Coefficient, Reversible \& irreversible processes, Second law \& Entropy, Carnot's cycle \& theorem, Entropy changes in reversible \& irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

## Thermodynamic Potentials:

Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal Energy functions, Maxwell's relations \& applications Cooling produced by adiabatic expansion of the any substance, Adiabatic compression of a su-
-bstance, Change in internal energy with volume, Expression of Cp-Cv using Maxwell equations. Change in state and Clapeyron's equation. Joule Thomson Effect ( Thermodynamic treatment, for vander-waals
gas).
(10 Lectures)

## Section B

## Kinetic Theory of Gases:

Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification, Mean free path (Zeroth Order), Transport Phenomena: Viscosity, Conduction and Diffusion (for vertical case), Law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its applications to specific heat of gases; mono-atomic and diatomic gases.
(10 Lectures)

## Theory of Radiation:

Blackbody radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of Energy Density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh-Jeans Law, Stefan Boltzmann Law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law.
(10 Lectures)

## Statistical Mechanics:

Phase space, Macrostate and Microstate, Entropy and Thermodynamic probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann law - distribution of velocity - Quantum statistics - Fermi-Dirac distribution law - electron gas - Bose-Einstein distribution law - photon gas - comparison of three statistics.
(10 Lectures)

## Reference Books:

1. Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 2013, Tata McGraw-Hill.
2. Statistical Physics, Thermodynamics and Kinetic theory, V.S Bhatia, Vishal Publishing (2017).
3. Thermal and Statistical Physics, Sandeep Sharma, Anne Books Pvt. Ltd.(2021).
4. Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W.Zemasky and R. Dittman, 1981, McGraw Hill
5. Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory \& Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears \& G.L.Salinger. 1988, Narosa
6. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
7. A text book of Statistical Mechanics, Suresh Chandra and Mohit Kumar Sharma, CBS
8. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
9. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
10. To determine Stefan's Constant.
11. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's Apparatus.
12. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
13. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
14. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.
15. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple with temperature.
16. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system
17. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off-Balance Bridge.

## Reference Books:

1. Practical Physics, Gupta Kumar, Dr. S.L Gupta, Dr. V. Kumar, Pragati Prakashan Edition (2010).
2. B.Sc Practical Physics, C.L Arora, S. Chand Publishing (1957).
3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, $11^{\text {th }}$ Edition, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi (2011).
4. B.Sc Practical Physics, Harman Singh and Dr P.S Hemne, S. Chand Publishing (2011).

## BSNM 303: MATHEMATICS

## (PAPER V): Integral Calculus

## Credit: 4:4H (L)

## Duration: 3 Hrs.

## Max. Marks: 75

Internal Assessment: 23
External Examination: 52

## Course Objectives:

- To analyze and find integral of hyperbolic function, rational function, trigonometric function and logarithmic function.

To understand the concept of
Improper Integral and multiple integral.
partition and fundamental concept of Riemann Integrability.
Instructions for Paper Setter/Examiner
The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of one compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## Instructions for Candidates

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section $C$.

## Section A

Integration of hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions, Reduction formulae for integrals of rational, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions and of their combinations, Applications of definite integral to find quadrature, length of an arc.

Improper integrals and their convergence, Comparison tests, Absolute and conditional
convergence, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests (without proofs)

## Section B

Double and Triple integrals, Change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables, Applications to evaluation of areas and Volume, Beta - Gamma Functions and their properties, duplication formula, convergence of Beta and gamma functions.

## Books Recommended

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus, 9th Ed., Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, Calculus, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P. Ltd. 2002

# (PAPER VI): DIFFERENTIALEQUATIONS-I Credit: 4:4H (L) 

Duration: 3 Hrs.
Max. Marks: 75
Internal Assessment: 23

External Examination: 52

Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To know about solutions of first and higher order differential equations.
-To exhibit the techniques for obtaining solutions to ordinary differential equations.
- To investigate the qualitative and quantitative behavior of solutions of system of differential equations.
- To develop interests in solving a number of problems related to model natural phenomena, engineering systems and many other situations.


## Instructions for Paper Setter/Examiner

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: $A, B \& C$. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## Instructions for Candidates

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section A and B and the compulsory question of section C .

## Section A

Exact differential equations: $M d x+N d y=0$, Integrating Factor
Equations of first order and higher degree: Solvable for $x, y, p$. Clairaut's equations, equations reducible to Clairaut's equation, equation not containing $x$, equations not containing $y$.

Equations of the form $\frac{d^{n} y}{d x^{n}}=f(x)$
Linear Independence and Wronskian, Differential operator with basic laws, Linear differential equations with constant and variable coefficients.

## Section B

Methods of variation of parameters: Method of variation of parameters for solving
$\frac{d y}{d x}+P y=Q$, where $P$ and $Q$ are functions of $x$ or constants,
Method of variation of parameters for solving
$\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+P\left(\frac{d y}{d x}\right)+Q y=R$, where $P, Q$ and $R$ are functions of $x$ or constants
Series solution of differential equation: radius and interval of convergence, Ordinary and Singular points, Solutions of Differential equation in series with Power Series Method and Frebonius method.

Picard's Iterative Method: Picard's method of successive approximation (or Picard's iteration method), Picard's method of solving simultaneous differential equation with initial conditions.

## Books Recommended

1. 

D. Raisinghania, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, $19^{\text {th }}$ Edition, S. Chand and Company Limited, 2016.
2.
E. Boyce, P.C. Diprima and D.B. Meade, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary value problems, $11^{\text {th }}$ Edition, John Wiley, 2017.
3.
. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 2012. (Chapters I-V).
4.
. Ince, Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 2005.
5.
D. Rainville, P.E. Bedient and R.E. Bedient, Elementary Differential Equations, Publisher Prentice Hall, 1997.
6. Fra
nk Ayres, Theory \& Problems of Differential Equations, Macgraw- Hill Book Co., 2010.
7.
ar Ahsan, Differential Equations and their applications, 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
8. Ric
hard Bronson, Theory \& Problems of Differential Equations, Macgraw- Hill Book Company, 2009.
9.
. Ross, Differential Equations, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition, John Wiley, 2007.

# (i): PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II (SOLUTIONS, PHASE EQUILIBRIUM AND ELECTROCHEMISTRY) 

(Credits: Theory-02)
Max. Marks: $\quad 50$
External theory: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

## Course Outcomes

1. To understand the ideal and non-ideal solutions.
2. To learn the phase diagram of various mixtures.
3. To understand the basic concept of conductance
4. To learn the fundamentals of electrochemistry INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: $A, B$ and $C$. Sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 very short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each of Section A \& B and Section C is compulsory.

## Section A

(15 Lectures)

## Solutions

Thermodynamics of ideal solutions: Ideal solutions and Raoult's law, deviations from Raoult's law - non-ideal solutions. Vapour pressure-composition and temperature composition curves of ideal and non-ideal solutions. Distillation of solutions. Lever rule. Azeotropes. Partial miscibility of liquids: Critical solution temperature; effect of impurity on partial miscibility of liquids. Immiscibility of liquids- Principle of steam distillation. Nernst distribution law and its applications.

## Phase Equilibrium

Phases, components and degrees of freedom of a system, criteria of phase equilibrium. Gibbs Phase Rule and its thermodynamic derivation. Derivation of Clausius-Clapeyron equation and its importance in phase equilibria. Phase diagrams of one-component systems (water and sulphur) and two component systems involving eutectics mixtures, congruent and incongruent melting points (lead-silver, $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}-\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{Na}-\mathrm{K}$ only).

## Section B

(15 Lectures)

## Conductance

Conductivity, equivalent and molar conductivity and their variation with dilution for weak and strong electrolytes. Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions. Transference number and its experimental determination using Hittorf and Moving boundary methods. Ionic mobility. Applications of conductance measurements: determination of degree of ionization of weak electrolyte, solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts, ionic product of water, hydrolysis constant of a salt. Conductometric titrations (only acid-base).

## Electrochemistry

Reversible and irreversible cells. Concept of EMF of a cell. Measurement of EMF of a cell. Nernst equation and its importance. Types of electrodes. Standard electrode potential. Electrochemical series. Thermodynamics of a reversible cell, calculation of thermodynamic properties: $\Delta G, \Delta H$ and $\Delta S$ from EMF data. Calculation of equilibrium constant from EMF data. Concentration cells with transference and without transference. Liquid junction potential and salt bridge. pH determination using hydrogen electrode and quinhydrone electrode. Potentiometric titrations -qualitative treatment (acid-base and oxidation-reduction only). Introduction to Fuel Cells.

## Reference Books:

1. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
2. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
3. Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. \& Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2009).
4. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
5. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: NewYork (1985).
6. Samuel Glasstone An Introduction to Electrochemistry, An East-West Ed. (1971).

## (ii): ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III (CARBOXYLIC ACIDS AND AMINES)

## (Credits: Theory-02)

Max. Marks: 50
External theory: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

Time Allowed: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Total Teaching Hours: $\mathbf{3 0}$

## Course Outcomes

1. To learn the various routs for carboxylic and its derivative synthesis.
2. To understand the basic preparation of Amino acids and proteins (biomolecules).
3. To learn the mechanism of organic reactions.
4. To learn the basics of carbohydrate chemistry. INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: $A, B$ and $C$. Sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 very short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each of Section A \& B and Section C is compulsory.

## Section A

(15 Lectures)
Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations \& reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.

## Carboxylic acids

Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic) Preparation: Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. Reactions: Hell - Vohlard - Zelinsky Reaction.

Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons) Preparation: Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their interconversion. Reactions: Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives. Reformatsky Reaction, Perkin condensation.

## Amines

Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): (Upto 5 carbons) Preparation: from alkyl halides, Hofmann Bromamide reaction. Reactions: Hofmann vs. Saytzeff elimination, Carbylamine test, Hinsberg test, with $\mathrm{HNO}_{2}$, Schotten - Baumann Reaction. Electrophilic substitution (case aniline): nitration, bromination, sulphonation.

Diazonium salts: Preparation: from aromatic amines Reactions: conversion to benzene, phenol, dyes.

## Section B

(15 Lectures)

## Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins:

Preparation of Amino Acids: Strecker synthesis, Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis. Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and Electrophoresis. Reactions of Amino acids: Reaction at - COOH group, and at $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ group, complexation with $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$ ions, ninhydrin test. Overview of Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary Structure of proteins. Determination of Primary structure of Peptides by degradation Edmann degradation ( N -terminal) and C-terminal (thiohydantoin and with carboxypeptidase enzyme).

Carbohydrates: Classification, and General Properties including projections, Glucose and Fructose (open chain and cyclic structure), Determination of configuration of monosaccharides, absolute configuration of Glucose and Fructose, Mutarotation, ascending and descending in monosaccharides. Structure of disacharrides (sucrose, cellobiose, maltose, lactose) and polysacharrides (starch and cellulose) excluding their structure elucidation.

## Reference Books:

1. Morrison, R. T. \& Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt.Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
4. Nelson, D. L. \& Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
5. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. \& Stryer, L. Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman, 2002.

## CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL

## (Credits-02)

Max Marks 50
Time 3h

## Pass Marks 35 \%

## Section A: Physical Chemistry

## Distribution

Study of the equilibrium of one of the following reactions by the distribution method:
$\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{I}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \longrightarrow \mathrm{I}_{3}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})$

## Phase equilibria

a) Construction of the phase diagram of a binary system.
b) Determination of the critical solution temperature and composition of the phenol water system and study of the effect of impurities on it.
c) Study of the variation of mutual solubility temperature with concentration for the phenol water system and determination of the critical solubility temperature.

## Conductance

I. Determination of cell constant
II. Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of a weak acid.
III. Perform the following conductometric titrations:
i. Strong acid vs. strong base
ii. Weak acid vs. strong base
pH
Perform the following titrations:
i. Strong acid vs. strong base
ii. Weak acid vs. strong base

## Section B: Organic Chemistry

I Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis of Organic Compounds possessing monofunctional groups (- COOH , phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines) and preparation of one derivative.

II Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography

1. Differentiation between a reducing and a nonreducing sugar. Reference Books:

Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. \& Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.

Mann, F.G. \& Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.

Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. \& Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry,R. Chand \& Co.: New Delhi (2011).

Ahluwalia, V.K. \& Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Universities Press.

## 6 CREDIT: 4H (L) + 4H (P)

Time: 3 hours
External Marks: 70 marks
Pass Marks: 35\%
Internal Assessment: $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks
Total Teaching Hours:45-50

## Course Objective

The objective of the course is to understand the basics of ' C ' Programming and to make students capable enough to do programming with ' C '.

## Course Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to:
CO1: Describe basics, various Data types, operators in C.
CO2: Explain, Control Structures, Functions in C.
CO3: Understand the concepts of different user-defined data types such as arrays, structures etc.
CO4: Learn pointers and summarize the different File handling operations.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections $A, B$ and $C$. Section $A$ and $B$ will have four Questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section $C$ will have 10-15 short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section $A, B$ and the entire Section C.

## UNIT-I

Fundamentals of C: Introduction, Historical Evolution, Problem Solving Process, General Structure of c program, Preprocessor Directives, Character Set, Keywords, Identifiers, Constants, Variables, Rules for defining variables, Data types.

Operators and expressions: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Assignment, Conditional, Unary, Bitwise, Comma Operators, Expressions, Type Conversion, Operator Precedence and Associativity, Library functions, Input/Output Statements: Formatted and Unformatted.

Control Statements: Decision Control statements - if, if-else, nested if else, else-if ladder, switch Statement, Jumping Statements - break statement, continue statement, goto statement,

Loops Control Statements - while, for, do-while, nested loops.
Functions: Need of Function, Declaration and Prototype, Definition and calling Function, Methods of Parameter Passing- Call by Value and Call by Reference, Recursion.

Storage Classes - Automatic, Static, Register and External.

## UNIT-II

Array: Definition, Declaration, Initialization, Types of Array, One Dimensional Array, MultiDimensional Array, Strings - Input/Output of Strings, String Handling Functions (strlen, strcpy, strcmp, strcat and strrev), Table ofStrings.

Structure and Union: Definition and Declaration, Using Structure, Array in Structure, Array of Structure, union, Difference between Structure and Union.

Pointer: Definition, Pointer Declaration, Pointer Arithmetic, Pointer and Array, Pointer and Function, Pointer and Structure.

File Handling: Opening and Closing of files, Input/ Output operation on files, Text and Binary Files.

## Suggested Readings:

1. Y. Kanetkar, "Let Us C", BPB publications
2. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming in C", Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Kamthane, "Programming with ANSI and Turbo C", Pearson Education
4. Dennis Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", Prentice Hall.

# SOFTWARE LAB -III (BASED ON PROGRAMMING USING C) 

2 CREDIT: 4H (P)

## Maximum Marks: 50

Minimum Pass Marks: 35\% Internal Assessment: 15 Maximum Time: 3 Hours

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation) 15 Marks
ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation) 20 Marks

This laboratory course will comprise of exercises to supplement what is learnt under paper Programming Using C. The candidates are required to write the following programs:

1. To convert temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius.
2. To find simple interest and compoundinterest.
3. To check whether the given number is even number or odd.
4. To accept three numbers and find the largest among them.
5. To find factorial of a number.
6. To check whether a number is prime ornot.
7. To print all the Armstrong numbers between any 2 given limits.
8. To find largest element in anarray.
9. To check whether a string is a Palindrome.
10. To perform matrix addition.
11. To perform matrix multiplication.
12. To swap two numbers using function.
13. To find the factorial of a number using Recursion.
14. To find the nth Fibonacci number usingRecursion.
15. To create an employee structure and display the same.
16. Write a function to swap two numbers using pointers.
17. Create a file and store some records in it. Display the contents of the same. Count numbers of characters, words and lines in thefile.

## BSNM 305 - ENVIRONMENTAL AND ROAD SAFETY AWARENESS

4 CREDIT: 4H (L)

Time Allowed: 3 hours
Total: 100 marks

Total lectures: 50
Pass marks:
35 \%

Theory Paper: 70 marks
Internal
Assessment: 30 marks

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections $A, B$ and $C$. Section $A$ and $B$ will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and will carry 10 marks each. Section $C$ will consists of 15 short-answer type questions which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry 30 marks in all.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the entire section $C$.

## Section - A

Unit 1: Introduction to Environmental Studies

## (2 Lectures)

- Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies.
- Scope and importance; Concept of sustainability and sustainable development.

Unit 2: Eco System
(6 Lectures)

- What is an ecosystem? Structure and function of ecosystem; Energy flow in an ecosystem: food chains, food webs and ecological succession. Case studies of the following ecosystems:
a) Forest ecosystem
b) Grassland ecosystem
c) Desert ecosystem
d) Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Unit 3: Natural Resources: Renewable and Non Renewable Resources
(8 Lectures)

- Land resource and land use change; Land degradation, soil erosion and desertification.
- Deforestation: Causes and impacts due to mining, dam building on environment, forests, biodiversity and tribal populations.
- Water: Use and over-exploitation of surface and ground water, floods, droughts, conflicts over water (international and inter-state).
- Energy resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, growing energy needs, case studies.
- Levels of biological diversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity; Biogeographic zones of India; Biodiversity patterns and global biodiversity hot spots.
- India as mega-biodiversity nation; Endangered and endemic species of India.
- Threats of biodiversity: Habitat Loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, biological invasions; Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.
- Ecosystem and biodiversity services, Ecological, Economic, social ethical, aesthetic and Informational value.


## Section B

## Unit 5: Environmental Pollution

## (8 Lectures)

- Environmental Pollution: types, causes, effects and controls; Air, water, soil and noise pollution.
- Nuclear hazards and human health risks.
- Solid waste management: Control measures of urban and industrial waste.
- Pollution case studies.

Unit 6: Environmental Policies and Practices

- Climate change, global warming, ozone layer depletion, acid rain and impacts on human communities and agriculture.
- Environment Laws: Environment Protection Act; Air (Prevention \& Control of Pollution) Act; water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act; Wildlife Protection Act; Forest Conservation Act, International agreements: Montreal and Kyoto protocols and Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)
- Nature reserves, tribal populations and rights, and human wildlife conflicts in Indian Context.

Unit 7: Human Communities and the Environment
(6 Lectures)

- Human population growth: Impacts on environment, human health and welfare.
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of project affected persons; case studies.
- Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclones and landslides.
- Environmental movements: Chipko, silent valley, Bishnois of Rajasthan.
- Environmental ethics: Role of Indian and other religions and cultures in environmental conservation.
- Environmental communication and public awareness, case studies (eg. CNG vehicles in Delhi).

Unit8: Road safety Awareness
(6 Lectures)

- Concept and significance of Road safety.
- Traffic signs.
- Traffic rules.
- Traffic Offences and penalties.
- How to obtain license.
- Role of first aid in Road Safety.

Field work (Internal Assessment based on Project file in lieu of assignments)
(Equal to 5 lectures)

- Visit to an area to document environmental assets: river/forest/flora/fauna, etc.
- Visit to local polluted site-urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural.
- Study of common plants, insects, birds and basic principles of identification.
- Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, Delhi Ridge etc.


## Suggested Readings:

1. Carson, R. 2002. Silent Spring. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.
2. Gadgil, M., \& Guha, R. 1993. This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India. Univ. of California Press.
3. Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (eds.) 1999. Global Ethics and Environment, London, Routledge.
4. Gleick, P. H. 1993. Water in Crisis. Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment \& Security. Stockholm Env. Institute, Oxford Univ. Press.
5. Groom, Martha J., Gary K. Meffe, and Carl Ronald Carroll. Principles of Conservation Biology.

Sunderland: Sinauer Associates, 2006.
6. Grumbine, R. Edward, and Pandit, M.K. 2013. Threats from India's Himalaya dams. Science, 339: 36-37.
7. Kumar, N. 2015. Environmental and Road Safety Awareness. R.D. Publications, Jalandhar.
8. McCully, P. 1996. Rivers no more: the environmental effects of dams (pp. 29---64). Zed Books.
9. McNeill, John R. 2000. Something New Under the Sun: An Environmental History of the Twentieth Century.
10. Odum, E.P., Odum, H.T. \& Andrews, J. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. Philadelphia: Saunders.
11. Pepper, I.L., Gerba, C.P. \& Brusseau, M.L. 2011. Environmental and Pollution Science. Academic Press.
12. Rao, M.N. \& Datta, A.K. 1987. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
13. Raven, P.H., Hassenzahl, D.M. \& Berg, L. R. 2012. Environment. 8th edition. John Wiley \& Sons.
14. Rosencranz, A., Divan, S., \& Noble, M. L. 2001. Environmental law and policy in India. Tripathi 1992.
15. Sengupta, R. 2003. Ecology and economics: An approach to sustainable development. Oxford University Press.
16. Sharma, P.D. 2007. Ecology and Environment. Rastogi Publication.
17. Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. 2014. Ecology, Environmental Science and Conservation. S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
18. Sodhi, N.S., Gibson, L. \& Raven, P.H. (eds). 2013. Conservation Biology: Voices from the Tropics. John Wiley \& Sons.
19. Thapar, V. 1998. Land of the Tiger: A Natural History of the Indian Subcontinent.
20. Warren, C. E. 1971. Biology and Water Pollution Control. WB Saunders.
21. Wilson, E. O. 2006. The Creation: An appeal to save life on earth. New York: Norton.
22. World Commission on Environment and Development. 1987. Our Common Future. Oxford University Press.

## (SEMESTER IV)

## BSNM 401: थंत्वपी एक्त़भी

大ूळिट: 04
वَल भீव : 100 भீव
लिधडी यूपषिभा : 70 भंव

भटिभायठ टे थीठीभइ यूडी गढ़उा : 05
दिमे हिॅॅं थग्म भंर्म : $35 \%$
भंटड्रती भुलांवट : 30 भिव
 मिलेषम भडे याठ थ्रमउव

## Course Objectives

1. टिसिभानसी मभव्कीकेषरांस्भान्गभासिर, भानषिर, गक्षतीडिर,
 पट नांड़ चै।


 मभइट टे मभॅॅष घट्टा चै

डग्ग- 8



## उग्गा- भ

भ-1 थ्यमउर निटिछि
भु-2 टिभावठठ

(ii) ग्रागुथी कियी सा तिरएम ने टिरम्म
(iii) मुप्वस तेइां टे टिजन


## भंव हंड भडे थेयठ मैटठ लप्टी ग्टाट्टिउां


12 भiव
2. यूमिंग मगिउ हिभभिषिभा। (चग टिचें そ)
$6+6=12$
भiव

10 भंव




## 

## भंटग्रती भ్लांबट









## मगटिर याठ- मभॅवाठी







 ठिभा्ताभैलीभटठी थंत्त'घी). Other students will study Punjabi compulsory.



## 

कूळिट: 04
व్लल भिव : 100 भंव
लिधडी थूपिभिभ : 70 भंव

भािभगयत टे यीठीभड यूडी गढडा : 05
दिम्ने दिॅँचं थम्म भर्म : $35 \%$
भंटग़ती भ్लांवट : 30 भंव


## Course Objectives







## उग्ग-Ө




## डगा-भ

 वेठ,उए. गठत्तीउ वेंठ।
 (मेयिभा పेट्टिभr भैडीम़र): मंया. थे. यठभत्तीउ वेठ, उए. गठत्तीउ वेठ।

## डग्ग-प



भंव हंड भडे पेयठ मैटठ लप्टी उट्ट्टिउ'





| 4.प्टिव'गी टा म'ठ त' हिमे -दमड़ | (टे हिँ पिँव) | 10 भंव |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.विमे वग'ट्टी टा म'ठ त' दिम्ना-टमड्ड | (己 हिँच 民िँव) | 10 भैव |

6. वेपी 12 भधावां हिँच 10 से भवष टम वे ट्वव हिँच टठउ $10 \times 1=10$ भंव


$$
10 \times 1+10 \text { hid }
$$

8. Өुपठेवउ मिलेघम टे भाय
 उग्गा-Ө हिछ ठी पूॅढे ता'टठो।
$x 2=30$ भंव

## 

## सिंटठठल भमैमभट

$=30$ मiव








## WAVES AND OPTICS

| Maximum Marks: External | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | Time Allowed: $\mathbf{3}$ Hours |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Internal | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | Total Teaching hours: $\mathbf{6 0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | Pass Marks: $\mathbf{3 5 \%}$ |

Out of 100 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 30 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 70 marks.

Instruction for the Paper Setter: The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section $C$ will have 10 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 10 marks. Section C will carry $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks.

Instruction for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections $A$ and $B$, and the entire section $C$. Each question of sections $A$ and $B$ carries 10 marks and section $C$ carries 30 marks. Use of scientific calculators is allowed

Objective : The course covers the concept of mechanical and em waves. It also covers the interference, diffraction and polarization of light and their applications, with the introduction of lasers.

## Section - A

Wave Motion:. Types of Mechanical Waves. Plane Progressive (Travelling) Wave. Wave equation of one dimensional wave. Simple harmonic wave. Natural Vibrations in the stretched string, Concept of Standing waves. Concept of particle, wave and group Velocities. Dispersion. Dispersive and non dispersive medium.
(15 Lectures)

Electromagnetic Waves: Maxwell equations for vacuum. Differential equations for e-m wave in vacuum, Velocity of light in vacuum. Transverse nature of e-m wave. Conducting and dielectric media. e-m waves in dielectric and conducting mediums. Expression of attenuation constant and phase constant. Skin Depth. Dispersion of e-m waves in a conductor. Anomalous dispersion.

## Section - B

Interference: Concept of coherence, Spatial and Temporal Coherence, Conditions for observing coherence. Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wave front. Young's Double Slit experiment, Interference in thin films, Role of anti-reflection and dielectric coating, Michelson's Interferometer, Multiple beam interference, Febry Perot Interferometer, Newton's rings.

Diffraction: Huygen's- Fresnel theory of half period zones, Zone plates, Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction at rectangular and circular apertures, Diffraction Grating and its resolving power.

Polarization: Concept and analytical treatment of unpolarized light, plane polarized and elliptically polarized light, Double refraction, Nicol Prism.
Lectures)

Laser Fundamentals: Einstein theory of radiation, concept of stimulated emission and population inversion. (5 Lectures)

## Reference Books:

1. A textbook of Optics, Dr. N. Subrahmanyam, Brij Lal, Dr M.N Avadhanulu S. Chand and Company (2019).
2. Optics, Ajoy Ghatak, The Mc-Graw Hill Companies (2017).
3. The Physics of Waves and Oscillations, H.J Pain, Wiley publications (2006).
4. The Physics of Waves and Oscillations, N.K Bajaj, McGraw Hill Education, (2017).
5. Introduction to Electrodynamics, David J. Griffiths, Cambridge University Press (2020).

## WAVES AND OPTICS (PRACTICAL)

1. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify $\lambda^{2}-$ T Law.
2. Familiarization with Schuster`s focusing; determination of angle of prism.
3. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a given Prism using Sodium Light.
4. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a given Prism using Mercury Light
5. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants of a material of a prism.
6. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.
7. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
8. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
9. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
10. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium \& (2) spectrum of Mercury light using plane diffraction Grating
11. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.
12. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.
13. To find the specific rotation of sugar solution by using a polarimeter.

## Reference Books:

1. B.Sc Practical Physics, C.L Arora, S. Chand Publishing (1957).
2. B.Sc Practical Physics, Harman Singh and Dr P.S Hemne, S. Chand Publishing (2011).
3. Practical Physics, Gupta Kumar, Dr. S.L Gupta, Dr. V. Kumar, Pragati prakashan Edition (2010).
4. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, $11^{\text {th }}$ Edition, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi (2011).

# BSNM 403: MATHEMATICS 

## PAPER VII: REAL ANALYSIS

Credit: 4: 4H (L)

## Duration: 3 Hrs

Max. Marks: 75
Internal Assessment: 23
External Examination: 52

## Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to provide knowledge about Riemann integrals and convergence. Their applications are also included to clear the topic to students.
- The aim of this course is to make the students familiar with the use of vectors and vector calculus so that they may employ the same in an effective manner to various applications in science subjects and to exhibit the techniques of solving ordinary and partial differential equations.
- To understand the concept of sequence and series of functions.


## Instructions for Paper Setter/Examiner

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section $C$ will consist of one compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## Instructions for Candidates

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section $C$.

## Section A

Riemann integral: Lower and Upper Reimann Sums, NASC condition of Integrability, Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions, The fundamental theorem of integral calculus, Mean value theorems of integral calculus.

Vector Calculus: Product of Two Vectors, Scalar \& Vector Product of Three Vectors, Limit and Continuity of Vector Valued Functions, Vector Differentiation, Gradient, Divergence and Curl,

Vector integration, Applications of Gauss, Green and Stokes Theorem (without proof of theorems)

## Section B

Sequences and series of functions, pointwise and uniform convergence, Cauchy's criterion for uniform convergence, Weierstrass M-test, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests for uniform convergence (without proofs) uniform convergence and continuity, uniform convergence and Riemann integration, uniform convergence and differentiation, Weierstrass approximation theorem.

## Books Recommended

1. T.M. Apostol, Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi,1985.
2. D. Somasundaram and B. Choudhary, A First Course in Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997.
3. P.K. Jain and S.K. Kaushik, An Introduction to Real Analysis, S. Chand \& Co., New Delhi,2000.
4. S.C. Malik, Mathematical Analysis,New Age Science, 2009.
5. Shanti Narayan, A Course of Mathematical Analysis, $9^{\text {th }}$ Edition, S. Chand \& Co.,New Delhi, 1968.
6. Murray R. Spiegel, Vector Analysis, Schaum publishing Company, New York.

## BSNM 403: MATHEMATICS

## PAPER VIII: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS-II <br> Credit: 4:4H (L)

Duration: 3 Hrs.<br>Internal Assessment: 23<br>Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

Max. Marks: 75

External Examination: 52
-To know about solutions of first and higher order partial differential equations.

- To exhibit the techniques for obtaining solutions to ordinary differential equations.
-To investigate the qualitative and quantitative behavior of solutions of system of differential equations.
- To develop interests in solving a number of problems related to model natural phenomena, engineering systems and many other situations.
-To understand how to extract information from partial derivative models in order to interpret reality.
-To identify real phenomena as models of partial derivative equations.
-To apply the concepts of the course in real life problems.


## Instructions for Paper Setter/Examiner

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: $A, B \& C$. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section C will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## Instructions for Candidates

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section $C$.

## Section A

Bessel, Legendre and hyper geometric equations: Bessel, Legendre and Hypergeometric functions and their properties, Convergence, recurrence relations and generating functions, Sturm-Liouville problem, Orthogonality of eigen-functions, Reality of eigen values, Orthogonality of Bessel functions and Legendre polynomials.

## Section B

Partial Differential Equations: Order and degree of partial differential equations, Concept of linear and non-linear partial differential equations, Formation of first order partial differential equations, Lagrange's method, Some special types of equations which can be solved easily by methods other than the general method, Charpit's method.

Partial Differential equations of second and higher order: Classification of linear partial differential equations of second order, Homogenous and non homogenous partial differential equation with constant and variable coefficients, Monge's method.

## Books Recommended

1. M.D. Raisinghania, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, $19^{\text {th }}$ Edition, S. Chand and Company Limited, 2016.
2. S.L. Ross, Differential Equations, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition, John Wiley, 2007.
3. W.E. Boyce, P.C. Diprima and D.B. Meade, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary value problems, $11^{\text {th }}$ Edition, John Wiley, 2017.
4. I.N. Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 2013.
5. E.A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 2012. (Chapters I-V).
6. E.L. Ince, Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 2005.
7. E.D. Rainville, P.E. Bedient and R.E. Bedient , Elementary Differential Equations, Publisher Prentice Hall, 1997.
8. Frank Ayres, Theory \& Problems of Differential Equations, Macgraw- Hill Book Co., 2010.
9. Zafar Ahsan, Differential Equations and their applications, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
10. Richard Bronson, Theory \& Problems of Differential Equations, Macgraw- Hill Book Company, 2009.

# (i): INORGANIC CHEMISTRY II (TRANSITION METAL COORDINATION CHEMISTRY) 

## (Credits: Theory-02)

Max. Marks: 50

External theory: 35

Internal Assessment: 15

Pass marks: 35\%
Course Outcomes

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Teaching Hours: 30

1. To learn the basic properties of $d$ block elements
2. To learn the basic properties of f-block elements
3. To learn the coordinate chemistry and nomenclature of coordinate complexes
4. To learn the fundamentals of crystal field theory

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: $A, B$ and $C$. Sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 very short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each of Section $A \& B$ and Section $C$ is compulsory.

## Section A

(15 Lectures)
General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valency, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes and stability of various oxidation states (Latimer diagrams) for $\mathrm{Mn}^{\mathrm{n+}}, \mathrm{Fe}^{\mathrm{n+}}$ and $\mathrm{Cu}^{\mathrm{n+}}$.

Inner Transition Elements f-Block Lanthanoids and actinoids: Electronic configurations, oxidation states, colour, magnetic properties, lanthanide contraction, separation of lanthanides (ion exchange method only).

## Section B

## Coordination Chemistry

Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes of $\mathrm{Cr}^{\mathrm{n+}}, \mathrm{Fe}^{\mathrm{n+}}, \mathrm{Co}^{\mathrm{n}+}, \mathrm{Ni}^{\mathrm{n+}}$ and $\mathrm{Cu}^{\mathrm{n+}}$ (coordination numbers 4 and 6). Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6. Drawbacks of VBT. IUPAC system of nomenclature.

## Crystal Field Theory

Crystal field effect, octahedral symmetry. Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields. Tetrahedral symmetry. Factors affecting the magnitude of Dq. Spectrochemical series. Comparison of CFSE for Oh and Td complexes, Tetragonal distortion of octahedral geometry. Jahn-Tellar distortion, Square planar coordination.

## Reference Books:

1. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: NewYork (1985).
2. Cotton, F.A. \& Wilkinson, G. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley.
3. Shriver, D.F. \& Atkins, P.W. Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
4. Wulfsberg, G. Inorganic Chemistry, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
5. Rodgers, G.E. Inorganic \& Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Ltd., 2008.

# (ii): PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-III (STATES OF MATTER \& CHEMICAL KINETICS) 

# (Credits: Theory-02) 

Max. Marks: 50<br>External theory: 35<br>Time Allowed: 3 hours<br>Total Teaching Hours: $\mathbf{3 0}$<br>Internal Assessment: 15<br>Pass marks: 35\%<br>\section*{Course Outcomes}

1. To understand the principles of kinetic theory of gases
2. To understand the basic concept of surface tension and viscosity
3. To understand the solid structure of various crystals and basic techniques to identify the crystal structure
4. To understand the fundamental concept of chemical kinetics of various reactions.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER
The question paper will consist of three sections: $A, B$ and $C$. Sections $A$ and $B$ will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 very short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt two questions from each of Section A \& B and Section C is compulsory.

## Section A

(15 Lectures)

## Kinetic Theory of Gases

Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. Deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor, causes of deviation. van der Waals equation of state for real gases. Boyle temperature (derivation not required). Critical phenomena, critical constants and their calculation from van der Waals equation. Andrews isotherms of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$. Maxwell Boltzmann distribution laws of molecular velocities and molecular energies (graphic representation derivation not required) and their importance. Temperature dependence of these distributions. Most probable, average and root mean square velocities (no derivation). Collision cross section, collision number, collision frequency, collision diameter and mean free path of molecules. Viscosity of gases
and effect of temperature and pressure on coefficient of viscosity (qualitative treatment only).

## Liquids

Surface tension and its determination using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only).

## Section B

(15 Lectures)

## Solids

Forms of solids. Elementary idea of symmetry elements (definitions), unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais lattice types and identification of lattice planes. Laws of Crystallography - Law of constancy of interfacial angles, Law of rational indices. Miller indices. X-Ray diffraction by crystals, Bragg's law. Structures of $\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{KCl}$ and CsCl (qualitative treatment only). Defects in crystals. Glasses and liquid crystals.

## Chemical Kinetics

The concept of reaction rates. Effect of temperature, pressure, catalyst and other factors on reaction rates. Order and molecularity of a reaction. Derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second order reactions (both for equal and unequal concentrations of reactants). Half-life of a reaction. General methods for determination of order of a reaction. Concept of activation energy and its calculation from Arrhenius equation. Theories of Reaction Rates: Collision theory and Activated Complex theory of bimolecular reactions. Comparison of the two theories (qualitative treatment only).

## Reference Books:

1. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
2. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
3. Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. \& Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
4. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).

## CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL

## (Credits-02)

## Max Marks 50

Time 3h

## Pass Marks 35 \%

## Section A: Inorganic Chemistry

Semi-micro qualitative analysis (using $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ or other methods) of mixtures - not more than four ionic species (two anions and two cations, excluding insoluble salts) out of the following:

Cations: $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Pb}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Bi}_{3}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Cu}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Cd}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Fe}_{3}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Al}_{3}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Co}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Ni}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Mn}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Zn}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Ba}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{Sr}_{2}{ }^{+}$,
$\mathrm{Ca}_{2}{ }^{+}, \mathrm{K}^{+}$
Anions: $\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{S}^{2-}, \mathrm{SO}^{2-}, \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}, \mathrm{Cl}^{-}, \mathrm{Br}^{-}, \mathrm{I}^{-}, \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}, \mathrm{PO}_{4}{ }^{3-}, \mathrm{BO}_{3}{ }^{3-}, \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{2-}$, $\mathrm{F}^{-}$

1. Estimate the amount of nickel present in a given solution as bis(dimethylglyoximato) nickel(II) or aluminium as oximate in a given solution gravimetrically.
2. Estimation of (i) $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ or (ii) $\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}$ by complexometric titrations using EDTA.
3. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration.

## Section B: Physical Chemistry

(I) Surface tension measurement (use of organic solvents excluded).
a) Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using a stalagmometer.
b) Study of the variation of surface tension of a detergent solution with concentration.
(II) Viscosity measurement (use of organic solvents excluded).
a) Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer.
b) Study of the variation of viscosity of an aqueous solution with concentration of solute.
(III) Chemical Kinetics

Study the kinetics of the following reactions.

1. Initial rate method: lodide-persulphate reaction
2. Integrated rate method:
a. Acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate with hydrochloric acid.
b. Saponification of ethyl acetate.
c. Compare the strengths of HCl and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ by studying kinetics of hydrolysis of methyl acetate

## Reference Books:

1. Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
2. Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
3. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. \& Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry,
4. R. Chand \& Co.: New Delhi (2011).

## BSNM 404 A: COMPUTER SCIENCE

## DATA STRUCTURES

6 CREDIT: $4 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{L})+4 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{P})$

## Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hours

Pass Marks: 35\%

External Marks: 70
Internal Assessment: $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks

Total Teaching Hours: 45-50

## Course Objective

The objective of the course is to understand the basics of Python Programming and to make students capable enough to do programming with Python.

## Course Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to:
CO1: To access how the choices of data structure \& algorithm methods impact the performance of program.

CO2: To solve problems based on different data structure \& also write programs. And know about the basic concepts of Array and Linked-list.
CO3: Understand how several fundamental algorithms work particularly those concerned with Stack, Queues, Trees and Graphs.

CO4: Learn various searching and Sorting algorithms.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections $A, B$ and $C$. Section A and B will have four Questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section $C$ will have $10-15$ short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section $A, B$ and the entire Section $C$.

## UNIT-I

Preliminaries: Definition, Basic terminology, Types of data structure, Operations on data Structures, Basic Mathematical concepts and notations, algorithm complexity, Big O notation, time-space trade off.

Arrays: Definition, one-dimensional and two-dimensional array, memory representation, Row major and Column major order, address calculation, various operations on linear arrays (Insertion, Deletion, and Traversal), sparse matrices and its representation.

Linked Lists: Definition, Representation of linked lists in memory, types of linked lists (Header, doubly, circular), various operations on singly linked lists, applications.

Stacks: Definition, Representation of stack in memory using arrays and linked list, Basic stack operations (PUSH and POP), Applications of stacks-converting arithmetic expression from in fix notation to postfix, parenthesis matching.

## UNIT-II

Queues: Definition, Representation of queue in memory using arrays and linked list, Basic Queue operations (Insertion, Deletion), Types of Queue (Circular, Priority, Deque), applications.

Trees: Definition, Binary Tree, Properties, Representation of binary tree in memory using array and linked lists, Binary Search Tree, Operations on BST (Traversal Insertion, Deletion), Overview: AVL Tree, B Tree, Threaded Binary Tree.

Graphs: Definition, Basic terminology, Representation of graph in memory using array and Linked Lists, Traversal operations: BFS, DFS, Applications of Graphs.

Searching and Sorting: Linear Search, Binary search, Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Radix Sort.

## Suggested Readings:

 McGraw-Hill BookCompany. Hall International, Inc.Trembley and Sorenson: "An Introduction to Data Structures with Application", Tata McGraw Hill Company, Delhi.

Tanenbaum: "Data Structures Using C", Pearson Education.

## 2 CREDIT: 4H (P)

## Maximum Marks: 50

## Minimum Pass Marks: 35\% Internal Assessment: <br> 15

Maximum Time: 3 Hours

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation)

15 Marks
ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation) 20 Marks

This laboratory course will comprise of exercises to supplement what is learnt under paper Data Structures using C. The candidates are required to write the following programs:

1. To insert an element into an array.
2. To delete an element from an array.
3. To store an array using sparse representation.
4. To apply various operations on stack.
5. To insert and delete element in a queue.
6. To insert and delete and search a node in a linked list.
7. To insert or delete node in a binary tree.
8. To traverse binary tree.
9. To implement linear search.
10. To implement binary search.
11. To implement Bubble sort.
12. To implement Selection sort.
13. To implement Insertion sort.
14. To implement Merge sort.
15. To implement Quick sort.
B.Sc. (NON-MEDICAL) PART-III
(SEMESTER V \& VI)

| SEMESTER-V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper code | Subject | Credits |  |  | Marks |  |  | Total Marks |
|  |  | Theory | Practical | Total | External Theory | Internal Assessment | Practical |  |
| BSNM 501 | Punjabi Compulsory | 3 | 1 | 4 | 56 | 24 | 20 | 100 |
| BSNM 501 A | Punjabi Compulsory (Mudla Gyan/Elementary Punjabi) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BSNM 502 | Physics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Quantum Mechanics | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | Solid State Physics | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |
| BSNM 503 | Mathematics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper IX: Abstract Algebra | 4 | 0 | 8 | 52 | 23 | 0 | 150 |
|  | Paper X: Discrete Mathematics | 4 |  |  | 52 | 23 |  |  |
| BSNM 504 | Chemistry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inorganic Chemistry-III: Bioinorganic \& Organometallic Chemistry | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | Physical Chemistry-IV: Quantum Chemistry and Molecular Spectroscopy | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |
| BSNM 504 A | Computer Science: Object Oriented Programming Using C++ | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
|  | Total | 20 | 04 | 24 | 300 | 130 | 120 | 550 |

B.Sc. (NON-MEDICAL) PART-III
(SEMESTER V \& VI)

| SEMESTER-VI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper code | Subject | Credits |  |  | Marks |  |  | Total Marks |
|  |  | Theory | Practical | Total | External <br> Theory | Internal Assessment | Practical |  |
| BSNM 601 | Punjabi Compulsory | 3 | 1 | 4 | 56 | 24 | 20 | 100 |
| BSNM 601 A | Punjabi Compulsory (Mudla Gyan/Elementary Punjabi) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BSNM 602 | Physics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Digital and Analog Circuits and Instrumentation | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | Nuclear and Particle Physics | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |
| BSNM 603 | Mathematics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper XI: Linear Algebra | 4 | 0 | 8 | 52 | 23 | 0 | 150 |
|  | Paper XII: Mechanics | 4 |  |  | 52 | 23 |  |  |
| BSNM 604 | Chemistry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inorganic Chemistry-IV: Metal Complexes And HSAB Theory | 2 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 15 | 50 | 150 |
|  | Organic Chemistry-IV: <br> Organic Spectroscopy, <br> Heterocyclic Compounds and Polymers | 2 |  |  | 35 | 15 |  |  |
| BSNM 604-A | Computer Science: Computer Network and Internet Technologies | 4 | 2 | 6 | 70 | 30 | 50 | 150 |
| Total |  | 20 | 04 | 24 | 300 | 130 | 120 | 550 |

APPROVED

Principal
General Shivdev Singh Diwan Gurbachan Singh
Khalsa College Patiala

# SEMESTER-V <br>  

कूळिट : $4(3+1)$
वॅल भर्भ : 100
भपिभायठ टे थीठीभइ पूडी ग.ढउा : 05
दिमेने दिॅँ थाम भंव : $35 \%$
भंटग़री भुलांवट : 30 भंव
लिधडी यूपिधिभा : 70 भंव
 $35 \%$ भंव हैटे मत्रुी गत।

## Course out comes





 मभइट से मभटॅघ च तांटा चै।


# याठ वूभ भड्डे याठ थ्रमउव <br> उग्वा- Ө 

भड्ठी टा टीद्या (ठग्दल్ - गुणसिभ्भाल्ट मिंथ

## उाठ- भ

## I. टिभावठत


(H) विठिभा दावर्म: यठिठग्ना, घटउत भने यूवग्र

उग्ठा- घ

भंर हंड भडे थेयठ मेटठ लटी ग्टाप्टिउां



4. हिभावठत दाल्ले काठा टिजं हठहाउत्रभव यूम्रत।
(च हिजें टिव)
12 भूव
5. लेध गचठा
(fिंत टिँच टिव)
8 भia

गठेर यूम्त 2 भर्भां सा Јटेठा।
$15 \times 2=30$ मid
भंटग్రती भ్लांवट


 लवाप्टे ताल्टो $भ$ हि टिसिभाग्री गेठ लिधे रागत रठतठो।



- याठखू ठात्ल मर्घपिउ भमम्टीभैंट उिभाठ वठत


## मगट्टि मभॅगाठी





 चंडीवाइु ।
 तरंपठ, 1994.
 ज़ुरीदठमिटी टैरमट प्रॅव घेठइ, Өंडीवानु।


## 

वैठिट : $4(3+1)$
वॅल भீव : 100
लिधडी यूपिभा : 70 भंव
भयिभायठ से थीठीभइ यूडी गढ़उ : 05
हिमे हिॅचं यग्म भंव : $35 \%$
भंटग्री भुलांवट : 30 भீव
 $35 \%$ भंव लैटे नतुठी गठ।


 च आাंटेगठ।


## याठवूम भडे याठ युमउव

 तठठ,2015.
 бग्ग-भ टिभावठत
(भ.1) टार: यठिबग्ना, पट्डठ भडे राठत्त से भपाठ '亏े विमभां।


भंव हृउ भडे थेयठ मैटठ लटी ग्टाटिउां







 मर्षपड 7 यूमूत पूॅहे ताट। गठेव यूमत से 2 भंव गेट्टो।
$=30$ भंव
 भீटग्रठी भुलांवट








मगट्टिव यரठ मभॅगठी


 2005.

# BSNM 502: PHYSICS PAPER: QUANTUM MECHANICS 

| Maximum Marks: External 35 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Internal | $\mathbf{1 5}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |

Time Allowed: 3 Hours
Total Teaching hours: 30
Pass Marks: 35\%

## Course Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student is expected to gain knowledge about:
CO1: the basics of formalism of wave mechanics
CO2: gain knowledge about Uncertainty Principle
CO3; Schrodinger Wave equation
CO4: hydrogen atom problem
CO5: atoms in electric and magnetic fields.
Out of 50 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 15 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 35 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER:

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have 04 questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section $C$ will have 11 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 06 marks and Section C will carry 01 mark.

INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES:
The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and B, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 06 marks and section C carries 01 mark. Use of scientific calculators is allowed.

## Section A

Time dependent Schrodinger equation: Time dependent Schrodinger equation and dynamical evolution of a quantum state; Properties of Wave Function. Interpretation of Wave Function Probability, Conditions for Physical Acceptability of Wave Functions. Normalization. Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions. Position, momentum \& Energy operators; commutator of position and momentum operators; Expectation values of position and momentum.
Time independent Schrodinger equation: Hamiltonian, stationary states and energy eigen values; General solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation in terms of linear combinations of stationary states; Application to the spread of Gaussian wavepacket for a free particle in one dimension, Position-momentum uncertainty principle.

## Section B

General discussion of bound states in an arbitrary potential; Application to one-dimensional problem- square well potential; Quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillator.
Quantum theory of hydrogen-like atoms: Time independent Schrodinger equation in spherical polar coordinates; separation of variables for the second order partial differential equation.
Atoms in Electric and Magnetic Fields:-Electron Angular Momentum. Electron Spin and Spin Angular Momentum. Spin Magnetic Moment. Zeeman Effect.

## Reference Books:

- A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M. Mathews \& K. Venkatesan, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., 2010, McGraw Hill
- Quantum Mechanics, Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edn., 2002, Wiley.
- Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Quantum Mechanics, G. Aruldhas, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edn. 2002, PHI Learning of India.
- Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.
- Quantum Mechanics for Scientists \& Engineers, D.A.B. Miller, 2008, Cambridge University Press


## Additional Books for Reference

- Quantum Mechanics, EugenMerzbacher, 2004, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed. 2005, Pearson Education
- Quantum Mechanics, Walter Greiner, $4^{\text {th }}$ Edn., 2001, Springer


# BSNM 502: PHYSICS PAPER: SOLID STATE PHYSICS (Credits-02) 

| Maximum Marks: External 35 | Time Allowed: $\mathbf{3}$ Hours |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Internal | 15 | Total Teaching hours: $\mathbf{3 0}$ |
| Total | 50 | Pass Marks: $\mathbf{3 5 \%}$ |

After successful completion of the course, the student is expected to have knowledge about:
CO1: The crystal structures
CO2: Elementary lattice dynamics and magnetic properties of matter
CO3: Dielectric properties of materials
CO4: Elementary band theory
CO5: Superconductivity
Out of 50 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 15 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 35 marks.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER:

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have 04 questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 11 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 06 marks and section C will carry 01 mark.

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE CANDIDATES:

The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections $A$ and $B$, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 06 marks and section C carries 01 mark. Use of scientific calculators is allowed.

## Section A

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis - Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Miller Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law.
Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains..Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. $\mathrm{T}^{3}$ law.

## Section B

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia - and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism and Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.
Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gaps. Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators. P and N type Semiconductors. Conductivity of Semiconductors, mobility, Hall Effect, Hall coefficient.
Superconductivity: Critical Temperature. Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, Isotope effect.

## Reference Books:

- Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, $8^{\text {th }}$ Ed., 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
- Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- Solid State Physics, Neil W. Ashcroft and N. David Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
- Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H Luth, 2009, Springer
- Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
- Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications


## BSNM 502: PRACTICAL-DSE LAB: QUANTUM MECHANICS AND SOLID STATE PHYSICS (CREDITS:02) <br> LABORATORY BASED EXPERIMENTS: MAXIMUM MARKS: 50

## DO ANY 8-10 PRACTICALS

1. To draw the BH curve of iron using a Solenoid and determine the energy loss from Hysteresis. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) crystal with temperature by four-probe. method (from room temperature to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and to determine its band gap.
2. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.
3. To determine the curie temperature of ferroelectric material.
4. To study the characteristics of thermistor, and find its parameters.
5. To study the photoelectric effect and find out the value of Planck's constant.
6. To study the characteristics of the solar cell.
7. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids.
8. Study the Franck Hertz experiment for quantization of Bohr model of atom.
9. Study of Electron spin resonance- determine magnetic field as a function of the resonance frequency.
10. Study of Zeeman Effect: with external magnetic field; Hyperfine splitting
11. To study the quantum tunneling effect with solid state device, e.g. tunneling current in backward diode or tunnel diode.

## Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75<br>Internal Assessment: 23<br>External Examination: 52

Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To recognize the mathematical objects that are groups, and classify them as abelian, cyclic and permutation groups etc.
- To explain the significance of cosets, normal subgroups, and quotient groups.
- To understand the fundamental concepts of rings, fields and integral domains.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER
The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and B will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section C will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section $C$.

## Section A

Group Theory: Definition and Examples, Properties of groups, subgroups,cosets, counting principle, Lagrange's theorem, Order of an element, Cyclic groups, Normal subgroups and Quotient groups.
Permutation groups, Homomorphism, Cayley's theorem, Fundamental theorems of homomorphism and isomorphism, Automorphisms.

## Section B

Ring theory: Definition and examples, Elementary properties of rings, Integral domains, Division rings and Fields, Subring and characteristic of ring, Ideals, Maximal and Prime Ideals, the Quotient ring, Homomorphism, the fundamental theorem and the correspondence theorem, Field of Quotients of Integral domain.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. P. B. Bhattacharya, S. K. Jain and S. R. Nagpaul, Basic Abstract Algebra, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
2. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, 2nd Edition, Vikas Publishing House, 1976.
3. Surjeet Singh and Qazi Zameeruddin, Modern Algebra, 7th Edition, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2006.
4. V. K. Khannna, S. K. Bhambri, A Course in Abstract Algebra, $5^{\text {th }}$ Edition, Vikas Publishing House, 2016.

# BSNM-503: MATHEMATICS <br> DISCRETE MATHEMATICS <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

Duration: 3 Hrs.<br>Internal Assessment: 23

Max. Marks: 75<br>External Examination:

## Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To learn about partially ordered sets, lattices and their types.
- To understand Boolean algebra and Boolean functions, logic gates, switching circuits and their applications.
- To enable students to solve real-life problems using finite-state and Turing machines.
- To assimilate various graph theoretic concepts and familiarize with their applications.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and B will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section C will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section $C$.

## Section A

Relations - Definitions, Equivalence relations and Partitions, Partial order relations and Lattices, Chains, Hasse Diagram, Product of lattices and Pigeon Hole Principle.
Graphs - Basic Terminology, Simple and Multigraphs, Weighted Graphs, Paths and Circuits, Shortest path problem, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Euler and Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Coloring, chromatic number
Trees-Definition, binary tree, properties, spanning trees, Kruskal's algorithm, Prim's Algorithm, binary search trees, pre-fix and post-fix expressions

## Section B

Discrete numeric functions and Generating functions
Recurrence Relations and Recursive Algorithms- Linear Recurrence Relations with Constant Coefficients, Homogeneous Solutions, Particular Solution, Solution by the Methods of Generating Functions.
Boolean Algebras - Lattices and Algebraic Structures, Duality, Distributive and Complemented Lattices, Boolean Lattices and Boolean Algebras, Boolean Functions and Expressions, Propositional Calculus, Design and Implementation of Digital Networks, Switching Circuits.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. C.L. Liu, Elements of Discrete mathematics, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, International, 2012.
2. S. Lipschutz and M. Lipson, Discrete Mathematics, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition, Schaum's Outlines, McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. K. H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, $7^{\text {th }}$ Edition, McGraw Hill, 2011.

# BSNM 504: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III BIOINORGANIC \& ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY 

```
(Credits: Theory-02)
Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15
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Theory: 30 Lectures
30 hours
Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. Proficiently understand the basic principles of bioinorganic chemistry and biochemistry.
O2. Understand the role of metal ions that are involved in different processes like oxygen transport, electron transfer reactions etc. in biological systems.
O3. Summarize the role of metal centres in the metallo-enzymes that are involved in the catalysis of various biological reactions.
O4. Describe and explain catalytic processes using an organometallic compound as a catalyst and explain how organometallic compounds are used as catalysts in organic synthesis.
Outcomes: On the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Predict the structure and stability of organometallic cluster compounds based on the electron count and explain the chemical behaviour and reactivity of organometallic compounds.
CO2. Develop practical skills in the preparation of organometallic compounds and their precursors.
CO3. Apply the EAN concept and Wade's rules to any organometallic system and predict its stability, structure and bonding.
CO4. Illustrate the catalytic cycles using an organometallic compound as a catalyst for industrial synthesis of some organic compounds.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions selecting two questions from each of Sections A \& B and Section C (9th question) being compulsory.

## SECTION-A

I. Boranes, Silicones and Phosphazenes

5 Hrs.
Boranes: Diboranes- Preparation, Properties and structure; higher boranes-classification, Wade's rule and styx
formula. Silicones and Phosphazenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.

## II. Bioinorganic Chemistry

10 Hrs.
Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to $\mathrm{Ca}^{+2}$, Nitrogen fixation.

## SECTION-B

## III. Organometallic Chemistry

9 Hrs.
Definition, Nomenclature and classification of organometallic compounds. Effective atomic number (EAN) rule. Preparation, properties, bonding and applications of alkyls and aryls of Li , Grignard Reagent, a brief account of metal-ethylene complexes, metallocene complex. following industrial processes and their mechanisms:

1. Alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinsons Catalyst)
2. Hydroformylation (Co salts)
3. Synthetic gasoline (Fischer Tropsch reaction)
4. Wacker Process

## BSNM 504: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-IV: QUANTUM CHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY

(Credits: Theory-02)
Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15

# Theory: 30Lectures 

 30 hoursTime allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. Demonstrate a sound knowledge of the photochemistry principles and their application.
O2. Understand the underlying principles involved in transitions (rotational, vibrational, Raman) and interpretation of the corresponding spectra and applications.
O3. Solve elementary model problems in quantum mechanics like particle in a 1-D box, harmonic oscillator,hydrogen \& hydrogen like atoms.
O4. Relate concepts that were originally introduced purely as modern atomic physics to molecular systems through harmonic oscillator, spin and rigid rotator.
Outcomes: On the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
CO1. Apply principles of microwave, infrared and electronic spectroscopies to identify the fingerprint region of small molecules in gas and solution phases.
CO2. Understand the laws of absorption of light energy by molecules and the subsequent photochemical reactions
CO3. Explain the quantum numbers and their importance in depicting wave functions like radial wave function and angular wave functions.
CO4. Construct Jablonski diagram and explain the various photo-physical processes

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section C will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions selecting two questions from each of Sections A $\& B$ and Section C ( $9^{\text {th }}$ question) being compulsory.

## SECTION-A

I. Elementary Quantum Mechanics:

15 Hrs
Black-body radiations, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, heat capacity of solids.
Sinusoidal wave equation, Hamiltonian operator, Schrodinger wave equation and its importance, physical interpretation of the wave function, postulates of quantum mechanics, particle in a one dimensional box.

Schrodinger wave equation for H -atom, separation into three equations (without derivation), quantum numbers and their importance, hydrogen like wave functions, radial wave functions, angular wave functions.
Introduction: Electromagnetic radiation, regions of spectrum, basic features of different spectrometers, statement of Born-Oppenheimer approximation, degrees of freedom.
Rotational Spectrum: Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of a rigid rotor (semi-classical principles), selection rules, spectral intensity, determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotor, isotope effect.

## SECTION-B

## II. Raman Spectrum: <br> hrs

Concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules.

## III. Vibrational Spectrum:

Infrared spectrum: Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effect of anharmonic motion and isotope on the spectrum, idea of vibrational frequencies of different functional groups.

## IV. Photochemistry

7 Hrs.
Difference between thermal and photochemical process. Laws of photochemistry: Grothus-Drapper law, Stark-Einstein law, Jablonski diagram depiciting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, photosensitized reactions- energy transfer processes (simple examples). Basic concepts of Laser and Maser.

## BOOKS SUGGESTED (THEORY COURSES)

## Books Suggested:

1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton, G Willdson and P.L. Gaus, Wiley.
2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Leee, ELBS.
3. Concept of models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, and J. Alexander, Jolin Wiley.
4. Inorganic Chemistry, D. E. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C.H. Langford, Oxford.
5. Inorganic Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield Addison-Welsey.
6. Inorganic Chemistry, A. G Sharpe, ELBS
7. Inorganic Chemistry, G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
8. Inorganic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
9. Inorganic Chemistry, L.G Wade Jr. Prentice-Hall.
10. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, International Student edition, McGraw Hill.
11. University General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao. Macmillan.
12. Physical Chemistry, R.A Alberty, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
13. The Elements of Physical Chemistry, P. W. Atkins, Oxford.
14. Physical Chemistry Through Problems, S.K. Dogra and S. Dogra, Willey Eastern Ltd.
15. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, Rohtga and Mukherji.

# BSNM 504: CHEMISTRY <br> PRACTICAL 

## Max. Marks: 50 <br> 6 Periods/Week

Time: 4 hrs

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS AND CANDIDATES

Candidate are required to prepare perform column Chromatography experiment and the physical experiments. The candidate will perform experiments from physical, chemistry. Distribution of marks will be as under:
1.

Viva-Voce $=10$
2.
3.
4.

Note Books = 5

Column Chromatography $=15$
Physical Experiments $=20 *$ ( 5 for initial write up both experiments)

* (Full credit may be given for error upto $10 \%$ and one mark may be deducted for additional 5\% error.)


## Laboratory Techniques

1. Column Chromatography
2. Separation of fluorescein and methylene blue.
3. Separation of leaf pigments from spinach leaves.
4. Physical Experiments
(a) To determine the strength of the given acid conductometrically using standard alkali solution.
(b) To determine the solubility and solubility product of a given sparingly soluble electrolyte conductometrically.
(c) To study the saponification of ethyl acetate conductometrically.
(d) To determine the ionisation constant of a weak acid conductometrically.
(e) To determine the strength of the given acid solution pH - metrically by using standard alkali solution.
(f) To determine the molar refraction of methanol, ethanol and propanol.
(g) To study the distribution of benzoic acid between toluene, ether and water

## BOOKS SUGGESTED (LABORATORY COURSES)

1. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, revised, Svehla, Orienl P Longman.
2. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (revised), J.Bassett, R. C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
3. Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis, W. W. Scott, The Technical Press.
4. Experimental Inorganic Chemistry, W. G. Palmer, Cambridge.
5. Handbook of Preparative Inorganic Chemistry, Vol. I \& II, Brauer, Academic Press.
6. Inorganic Synthesis, Mc-Graw Hill.
7. Experimental Organic Chemistry, Vol. I \& II, P. R. Singh, D.S. Gupta, and Bajpai, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
8 Laboratory Manual In Organic Chemistry, R. K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern.
8. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, B. S. Furniss, Al Hannaford, V. frogers, P.W.G. Smith and AR. Tatchell, ELBS
9. Experiments in General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao and U.C. Agarwal, East-West Press.
10. Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das, and B. Behra, Tata Mc-graw Hill.
11. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.B. Yadav, Goel Publishing House.
12. Advanced Exp. Chemistry, Vol. I-Physical, J.N. Gurutu and R. Kapoor, S. Chand \& Co.
13. Selected Exp. in Physical Chemistry, N.G. Mukherjee, J.N. Ghose \& Sons.
14. Exp. in Physical Chemistry, J.C. Ghosh, Bharti Bhavan.

# B.SC. NM III (SEMESTER-V) <br> BSNM 504-A: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ <br> 4 CREDIT: 4H (L) 

Time: 3 hours
35\%

External Marks: $\mathbf{7 0}$ marks Pass Marks:
Internal Assessment: $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks Total Teaching Hours: 45-50

## Course Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to:
CO1: Understand the difference between object-oriented programming and procedural oriented language and data types in $\mathrm{C}++$.
CO 2 : Explore $\mathrm{C}++$ programming features such as composition of objects, operator overloading, inheritance, Polymorphism etc.
CO3: Simulate the problem in the subjects like Operating system, Computer networks and real-world problems.
CO4: Understand various file handling concepts
INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER
The question paper will consist of three sections $A, B$ and $C$. Section $A$ and $B$ will have four. Questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section C will have 10-15 short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.
Instructions for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and the entire section C .

## UNIT-I

Introduction to OOP:- Procedure Oriented Programming, OOP Paradigm, Difference between Object Oriented Programming languages and Procedure Oriented Programming Languages, Characteristics of Object Oriented Programming Language- Class, Object, Date Abstraction, Encapsulation, Data hiding, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Code Extensibility and Reusability.
Manipulators \& Functions: Input and Output streams, managing output with manipulators. Function Declaration, Definition and calling Function, Methods of Parameter Passing - Call by Value, Call by Reference and Call by Address, Recursion, Arrays, Strings and Pointers.
Classes and Objects: Class Specification, Data Members, Member Functions, Private and Public Members, Declaring Objects, making functions inline, Nesting of member functions, this pointer, Object as function arguments, Array of Objects, Functions Returning Objects, Static data members and Static member functions.
Constructors: Definition, Types of Constructor- Default, parameterized and copy Constructor,Dynamic constructor, Constructor Overloading,

## UNIT-II

Destructors: Definition, Virtual Destructor, Dynamic memory allocation using new and delete Operators.
Inheritance: Introduction, Defining Derived Class, Types of Inheritance- Single, Multilevel, Hierarchical, Multiple and Hybrid Inheritance, Access specifiers - public, private, and protected.
Polymorphism: Methods of achieving polymorphic behaviour, Function Overloading, Operator Overloading, rules for overloading operators, overloading binary operator, overloading unary operators, operator overloading using friend function.
Files and streams: Classes for file stream operations, opening and closing of files, reading and
writing text files and binary files.

## Suggested Readings:

1. Robert Lafore, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Galgotia.
2. J Marget A. Ellis and Bjarne Stroustrup, The Annotated C++ reference manual, Addison Wesley New York.
3. E. Balagurusamy, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill.
4. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C++, BPB Publications.

# B.Sc.NM-III Semester-V <br> SOFTWARE LAB -V (Based on Object Oriented Programming using C++) <br> 2 Credits: 4H (P) 

Minimum Pass Marks: 35\% Internal Assessment: 15
Maximum Time: 3 Hours

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation) 15 Marks
ii. ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation) 20 Marks

## Students are required to develop the following programs

1. To perform arithmetic operations.
2. To convert temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius.
3. To find simple interest and compound interest.
4. To check whether the given number is even number or odd.
5. To accept three numbers and find the largest among them.
6. To find factorial of a number.
7. To check whether a number is prime or not.
8. To print all the Armstrong numbers between any 2 given limits.
9. To find largest element in an array.
10. To check whether a string is Palindrome or not.
11. To perform matrix addition.
12. To perform matrix multiplication.
13. To swap two numbers using call by value and call by reference method.
14. To find the factorial of a number using Recursion.
15. To create an employee structure and display the same.
16. Using classes and objects write a program to calculate area of rectangle.
17. Create a class student and display record of 5 students using array of objects.
18. Using classes and objects write a program to calculate area of rectangle and triangle using function overloading.
19. Write a program to calculate the average of $n$ numbers using friend function.
20. Write a program to calculate the area and perimeter of rectangle using constructor overloading and destructor.
21. Create the Person class. Inherit the class Person to create two classes Teacher and Student class. Maintain the respective information in the classes and create and display objects of these two classes.
22. To write and read an object in/from a binary file.

SEMESTER-VI

## BSNM 601: येयठ - थैत्त्वप्वी लग्त्तभी

वूठिट : 4(3+1)
भपिभायत से थीठीभउ पूडी गढडा : 05
दिस्ने दिँचं थग्म भंव : $35 \%$
भृतगी भुलांवट : 30 भरव

## लिधडी यूपिभ्भा : 70 भुव

 भंव हैटे ஈत्डठी गठ।

## Course Learning Outcomes





 से मभवॅष चे तांट्टा चै।


## याठ वूभ मडे थग्ठ थ्रमउस <br> बग्व-Ө


बाठा-भ

## I. दिभावठत

1. रा्वर भडे रागरी मर्घंय



## बाठ-प



## भंव हंड भडे थेयठ मैटठ लटी ग्टाट्टिउां


2. विमे टिर हिर्षप हा टिम्ना दमड़/माठ।

| (ं टिचं टिर) | 12 hid |
| :---: | :---: |
| (चग्ठ दिंतं そ) | 4+4=08 hid |
| (ऐ हिने टिर) | 12 hid |
|  | 08 मiの |

 08 मia
 हा Јदेगा।

$$
15 \times 2=30 \text { rid }
$$

भंचत्रती भुलावट
30 भiव


 भडे टिसिभागमी गेठ लिसे रांत्त रठतगे।

- फ़्रूप थंत्षाप्वी छिचगठट/लिधट हा भाकभाम
- मिगत्तहाउभव मागिउ महंपी विथैंटट डिभाग वठरा
- याठख्भ ठाल मर्ष्पयिउ भमाम्टीैैंट उिभाठ वठत


## मगट्टिर थ्रमउर मुची



 तर्लुपठ, 1994.


 ज़ुठीदठमिटी, पटिभाल्टा.

จ्रैठिट : $4(3+1)$
वॅल भंव : 100
भविभायत टे यीठीभइ पूड्डी गढडा : 05
दिसे दिनें थग्म भिव : $35 \%$
भंटग्री भुलावट : 30 भुव
 भंव लेटे नढ़ुणी गठ।

## Course Learning Outcomes



 सांट्टेगठ।

याठवूभ भडे याठ थ्रमउर
 तठाठ,2015.

बाठा-भ टिभावठत

(भ.2) मिंेेय गचठा


## भंव हंड भडे पेथठ मॅटठ लट्टी ग्टास्टिउां




3.यूम्मत माठे कानां टिँचं रूँदे ताह।

5. मंधेथ उठठा

$3 \times 4=12$ मid


$15 \times 2=30$ मid

भंटत्रती भ్लांवट





 लठाप्टे ताहटो।




# BSNM 602: PHYSICS DIGITAL AND ANALOG CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTATION 

(Credits-02)

Maximum Marks: External 35<br>Internal 15<br>Total 50

Time Allowed: 3 Hours<br>Total Teaching hours: 30<br>Pass Marks: 35\%

Out of 50 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 15 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 35 marks.
After successful completion of the course, the student is expected to
CO1: have a basic knowledge digital-circuits.
CO2: grasp the knowledge of semiconductor diodes and their applications.
CO3: understand the transistors and their properties.
CO4: understand operational amplifiers and their applications.
CO5: acquire the knowledge of rectifiers and Zener diodes.
Instruction for the Paper Setter: The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have 04 questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 11 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 06 marks and section C will carry 01 mark.
Instruction for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and B, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 06 marks and section C carries 01 mark. Use of scientific calculators is allowed.

## Section-A

## Digital Circuits

Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits.Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion, AND, OR and NOT Gates (Realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates.

## Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers:

Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Qualitative Idea of Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. PN junction and its characteristics.Static and Dynamic Resistance.Principle and structure of (1) LEDs (2) Photodiode.Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CEConfigurations. Active, Cutoff, and Saturation Regions. Current gains $\alpha$ and $\beta$. Relations between $\alpha$ and $\beta$. Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line and Q-point. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of a single-stage CE amplifier using Hybrid Model.

## Section B

## Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach):

Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Open-loop\& Closed-loop Gain.CMRR, concept of Virtual ground. Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers.

## Instrumentations:

Power Supply: Half-wave Rectifiers.Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, Basic idea about filters, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation.

## Reference Books:

- Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- Electronic devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, $2^{\text {nd }} E d n ., 2011$, Cengage Learning.
- Modern Electronic Instrumentation \& Measurement Tech., Helfrick\&Cooper,1990, PHI Learning
- Digital Principles \& Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach \&Saha, $7^{\text {th }}$ Ed.,2011, Tata McGraw Hill
- Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ Edn., Oxford University Press.
- Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- OP-AMP and Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, 2000, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.


# BSNM 602: PHYSICS <br> NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS <br> (Credits-02) 

Maximum Marks: External 35
Internal 15
Total 50
Time Allowed: 3 Hours
Total Teaching hours: $\mathbf{3 0}$
Pass Marks: 35\%
Out of 50 Marks, internal assessment (based on two mid-semester tests/ internal examination, written assignment/project work etc. and attendance) carries 15 marks, and the final examination at the end of the semester carries 35 marks.
After successful completion of the course, the student is expected to have knowledge about
CO1: General properties of nuclei and Nuclear Models
CO2: Radioactivity Decays and Nuclear Reactions
CO3: Interaction of Nuclear Radiations with Matter
CO4: Nuclear Detectors and accelerators
CO5: Particle Physics
Instruction for the Paper Setter: The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Each of sections A and B will have four questions from respective sections of the syllabus. Section C will have 11 short answer type questions, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly. Each question of sections A and B carry 06 marks and section C will carry 01 mark.
Instruction for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and $B$, and the entire section C. Each question of sections A and B carries 06 marks and section $C$ carries 01 mark. Use of scientific calculators is allowed

## Section-A

General Properties of Nuclei: Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties,quantitative facts about size, mass, charge density (matter energy), main features of binding energy versus mass number curve.
Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model approach, semi empirical mass formula, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model.
Radioactivity decay:(a) Alpha decay: basics of $\alpha$-decay processes, Geiger Nuttall law (b) basics of $\square$-decay, neutrino hypothesis. (c) Gamma decay, internal conversion.
Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, Q-value, reaction cross section.

## Section B

Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with matter: Energy loss due to ionization (Bethe-Block formula), energy loss of electrons, Gamma ray interaction through matter.
Particle Accelerators: Linear accelerator, Betatron, Synchrotrons.
Particle physics: Particle interactions; basic features, types of particles and its families. Conservation Laws, parity, baryon number, Lepton number, Isospin, Strangeness and charm, concept of quarkmodel, color quantum number and gluons.

## Reference Books:

- Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
- Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen. (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998).
- Introduction to the physics of nuclei \& particles, R.A. Dunlap. (Thomson Asia, 2004)
- Introduction to Elementary Particles, D. Griffith, John Wiley \& Sons
- Quarks and Leptons, F. Halzen and A.D. Martin, Wiley India, New Delhi
- Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics - An Introductory Approach by K. Heyde (IOP- Institute of Physics Publishing, 2004).
- Radiation detection and measurement, G.F. Knoll (John Wiley \& Sons, 2000).
- Theoretical Nuclear Physics, J.M. Blatt \&V.F.Weisskopf (Dover Pub.Inc., 1991)


# PRACTICALS - DSE LAB: DIGITAL AND ANALOG CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTS AND NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS 

## (Credits:02)

## LABORATORY BASED EXPERIMENTS: MAXIMUM MARKS: 50

## DO ANY 8-10 PRACTICALS

1. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
2. Study of diode as clipping and clamping element.
3. To draw the forward and reverse biased characteristics of pn junction diode and draw a load line.
4. To plot common base characteristics and determine h -parameters of a given transistor.
5. To study the gain of the amplifier at different frequencies and to find band width and gain bandwidth product.
6. To study the characteristics of FET.
7. To study the stabilization of the output voltage of the power supply with zener diode.
8. To draw the plateau of a GM counter and find its operating voltage.
9. To study the statistical fluctuations of GM counter to find its standard deviation.
10. To study the absorption of $\beta$-particles in aluminum using GM counter and determine the absorption coefficient of $\beta$-particles from it.
11. To measure the efficiency and ripple factor for (a) Half wave (b) Full wave (c) Bridge rectifier circuit.

# BSNM-603: MATHEMATICS <br> LINEAR ALGEBRA <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 75<br>Internal Assessment: 23<br>External Examination: 52

## Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To recognize the algebraic structure vector spaces, subspaces and quotient spaces.
- To understand the fundamental concepts of Linear Transformation
- To enable the identification of square matrix as operator.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections $A$ and $B$ will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section C will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section $A$ and $B$ and the compulsory question of section C.

## Section A

Vector spaces, Examples, Linear Dependence, Linear Combinations, Basis and Dimension, Subspaces, Dimension of a subspace, Existence and Extension theorem, Quotient spaces, Direct Sum of vector spaces, Dimension of a direct sum, Dual of a vector space.

## Section B

Linear transformation, Algebra of linear transformations, Matrices as linear mappings, Kernal and image, Sylvester's Law of Nullity, Singular and non-singular linear mappings, Isomorphism, Composition of linear mappings, Square matrices as linear operators, matrix representation of a linear operator, Change of basis, characteristic and minimal polynomial for linear operators, eigen values and eigen vectors, Cayley Hamilton Theorem.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. C. Prasad, Text book on Algebra and Theory of equations, Pothishala Pvt. Ltd, 2017.
2. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, 2nd Edition, Vikas Publishing House, 1976.
3. S. Lipschutz and M. Lipson, Schaum's Outline of Linear algebra, $4^{\text {th }}$ Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2009.
4. S.R.K.Iyenger ,R.K Jain, ,Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishing House.,2007

# BSNM-603: MATHEMATICS <br> MECHANICS <br> Credit: 4:4H (L) 

## Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 75<br>Internal Assessment: 23<br>External Examination: 52

## Course Objectives: The Primary objective of this course is

- To learn about friction, centre of gravity, work and potential energy in statics.
- To know about various topics in dynamics such as simple harmonic motion, simple pendulum and projectile motion.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAPER SETTER/EXAMINER

The question paper covering the entire course shall be divided into three parts: A, B \& C. Each of sections A and B will have 4 questions from the respective sections of the syllabus of 8 marks each and section C will consist of 1 compulsory question having 10 parts of short-answer type of 2 marks each covering the entire syllabus uniformly.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions from each section A and $B$ and the compulsory question of section C.

## Section A

Statics: Basic notation, system of two forces, parallelogram law of forces, resultant of two collinear forces, resolution of forces, Lami's theorem, $\lambda-\mu$ theorem, moment of a force, couple, theorem on moments of a couple, Varignon's theorem, generalized theorem of moments.
Equilibrium of two concurrent forces, equilibrium condition for any number of coplanar concurrent forces, Equilibrium conditions for coplanar non-concurrent forces.

## Section B

Dynamics: Motion of a particle with constant acceleration, acceleration of falling bodies, motion under gravity, motion of a body projected vertically upward, motion of a two particles connected by a string, motion along a smooth inclined plane, constrained motion along a smooth inclined plane.
Variable acceleration: Simple harmonic motion, elastic string. Work, Power, conservative fields and potential energy, work done against gravity, potential energy of a gravitational field.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1. S.L. Loney, The elements of statics and dynamics, New Age International Private Ltd. 2016.
2. J. L. Synge and B. A. Griffth, Principles of mechanics, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition, McGraw Hill Exclusive (CBS) 2017.

# BSNM 604: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV <br> METAL COMPLEXES AND HSAB THEORY 

```
(Credits: Theory-02)
Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: }1
```

Theory: 30 Lectures
30 hours
Time allowed - $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ h r s}$
Pass Marks: 35\%

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions selecting two questions from each of A \& B
Sections and Section C (9th question) being compulsory.
Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. Understand the concept of acid and bases on the basis of various theories like Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry and Lewis concept.
O2. Classify the acids bases as soft, hard and border line acid bases.
O3. Differentiate between thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability and apply it to transition metal complexes.
O4. Analyze the magnetic properties of the transition metal complexes as well as interpret the effect of temperature on magnetic properties
Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
CO1. Depict the electronic spectra of transition metal complexes.
CO2. Understand the various factors involved in stabilising the transition metal complexes.
CO3. Determine the strength of acids and bases by using the concept of levelling effect.
CO4. Evaluate term symbols and microstates which are further useful in depicting the electronic transitions in transition metal complexes

## SECTION-A

## I. Introduction to Acid and base <br> 6 Hrs.

Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry Concept, the Lux-Flood solvent system and Lewis concepts of acids and bases. Trends in acid strength, effect of solvents on the acid strength (Levelling effect), strength of oxoacids, role of solvent on the strength of lewis acids and base.
II Hard and Soft acids and Bases (HSAB) 6 Hrs.
Classification of acids and bases as a hard and soft, Pearson's HSAB concept, Application of HSAB Principle, Limitations of HSAB Principle, Symbiosis, theoretical basis of hardness and softness, electronegativity and hardness and softness.
III. Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Metal Complexes

3 Hrs.
A brief outline of thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability. Trans effect and its theories.

## SECTION -B

IV. Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes

Types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula, L-S coupling, Correlation of $\mu_{\mathrm{s}}$ and $\mu_{\text {eff }}$ values, orbital contribution to magnetic moment, application of magnetic moment data for 3d-metal complexes.
V. Electronic Spectra of Transition Metal Complexes.

Basics of electron absorption, term symbols and coupling scheme, Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, determination of ground state terms, calculation of microstates, spectrochemical series. Orgel-energy level diagram for $d^{1}$ and $d^{9}$ states, discussion of electronic spectrum of $\left[\mathrm{Ti}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$ complexion.

ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY, HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS AND POLYMERS
(Credits: Theory-02)
Max Marks: 50
Semester Paper: 35
Internal Assessment: 15
Theory: 30Lectures
30 hours
Time allowed-3 hrs
Pass Marks: 35\%

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 6 marks each. Section $C$ will consist of 11 short answer questions that will cover the entire syllabus and will be of 1 mark each. Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to attempt five questions selecting two questions from each of A \& B Sections and Section C (9th question) being compulsory.
Objectives: The students will be able to:
O1. Identify, name and classify the various heterocyclic compounds.
O2. Understand various types of polymerization reactions along with the mechanism involved in different steps.
O3. Understand the interactions of matter with electromagnetic radiations.
O4. Solve the problems related to the structure of compounds on the basis of spectroscopic data given.
Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
CO1. Describe the structure, diverse reactions and syntheses of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine heterocycles.
CO2. Describe the principles of IR, UV and NMR spectroscopy.
CO3. Predict the structures of organic compounds based on the given $1 H$ NMR, IR and UV data.
CO4. Determine the molecular weight, PDI, degree of polymerization of polymers.

## Section -A

I. Spectroscopy: 5 hrs.

Introduction to basic concept of spectroscopy, electromagnetic radiations, electromagnetic spectrum, types of spectroscopy and their general applications

## II. Electromagnetic spectrum: Absorption Spectra:

5 hrs.
Ultraviolet (UV) absorption spectroscopy, (Beer-Lambert's law, Molar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of UV Spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated enes and enones.
III Infrared (IR) Spectroscopy: $\mathbf{5} \mathbf{~ h r s .}$
Infrared (IR) absorption spectroscopy-molecular vibrations, Hooke's law, Selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region, characteristic absorption of various
functional groups and Interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds.
Problems pertaining to the structure elucidation of simple organic compounds using UV, IR, and PMR spectroscopic techniques.

## IV Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy:

Proton magnetic resonance ( ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR) spectroscopy, nuclear shielding and deshielding, chemical shift and molecular structure, spin-spin splitting and coupling constants, areas of signals interpretation of PMR spectra of simple organic molecules such as ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, $1,1,2$ tribromoethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acetophenone.

## Section B

## V. Heterocyclic Compounds 7 hrs.

Introduction: Molecular orbital picture and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine. Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis on mechanism of electrophlic substitution. Mechanism of nucleophlic substitution reaction in pyridine derivatives. Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole.

Introduction to condensed five and six membered heterocycles. Preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline with special reference to Fischer indole synthesis, Skraup synthesis and Bischler- Napieralski synthesis. Mechanism of electrophlic substitution reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline.

## VI. Synthesis of Polymers

hrs.
Introduction and classification including di-block, tri-block and amphiphilic polymers; Number average molecular weight, Weight average molecular weight, Degree of polymerization, Polydispersity Index.
Polymerisation reactions -Addition and condensation -Mechanism of cationic, anionic and free radical addition polymerization; Metallocene-based Ziegler-Natta polymerisation of alkenes; Preparation and applications of plastics - thermosetting (phenol-formaldehyde, Polyurethanes) and thermosoftening (PVC, polythene); vinyl polymers. Condensation or step growth polymerziation. Urea formaldhehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes. Natural and synthetic rubbers.

## BOOKS SUGGESTED (THEORY COURSES)

1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton, G Willdson and P.L. Gaus, Wiley.
2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Leee, ELBS.
3. Concept of models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, and J. Alexander, Jolin Wiley.
4. Inorganic Chemistry, D. E. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C.H. Langford, Oxford.
5. Inorganic Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield Addison-Welsey.
6. Inorganic Chemistry, A. G Sharpe, ELBS
7. Inorganic Chemistry, G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
8. Inorganic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
9. Inorganic Chemistry, L.G Wade Jr. Prentice-Hall.
10. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley.
11. Organic Chemistry, Vol. I, II \& III, S.M. Mukherji, S.P. Singh and R.P. Kapoor, Wiley Eastern Ltd. (New Age International).
12. Organic Chemistry, F.A Carey, McGraw-Hill, Inc.
13. R. M. Acheson : Chemistry of Heterocyclics.
14. A.R. Katrizky :Handbook Of Heterocyclics.
15. Lee A. Paquette: Principles of Modern Heterocyclic Chemistry.
16. William Kemp, Organic Spectroscopy, P edition, ELKS, MacMilian, Hamsphire, UK, 1991.
17. D. H. William and I. Fleming, Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry.
18. R. M. Silverstein, G. C. Bassler and F.C Morrill Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds.

## BSNM 604: CHEMISTRY <br> PRACTICALS

Max. Marks: 50
Time: 4 Hrs.

## 6 Periods/Week

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS AND CANDIDATES

Candidates are required to prepare inorganic complex and synthesise organic compound. The candidate will perform experiments. Distribution of marks will be as under:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

Total

```
Viva-Voce = 10
Note Books = 5
Inorganic Complex = 15 (5 for initial write up)
Organic Synthesis = 15 (5 for initial write up)
Assignment = 5
=50
```


## Synthesis and Analysis

(a) Preparation of sodium trioxalatoferrate(III), $\mathrm{Na}_{3}\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]$ and determination of its composition by permagnometry.
(b) Preparation of Ni-DMG complex, $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{DMG})_{2}\right]^{2+}$
(c) Preparation of copper tetra-ammine complex. $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right] \mathrm{So}_{4}$.
(d) Preparation of cis-and trans-bis (oxalato) diaquachromate(III) ion.

## Synthesis or Organic Compounds

(a) Iodoform from ethanol and acetone
(b) Aromatic electrophlic substitution of benzene

1. p-nitroacetanilide
2. 2,4,6-tribromophenol

Diazotization/Coupling
3. Preparation of methyl orange and methyl red
4. Preparation of benzoic acid from toluene
5. Reduction

Preparation of m-nitroaniline from m-dinitrobenzene
6. Knowledge of Stereochemical Study of Organic Compounds with suitable examples:-

Configuration: geometrical and optical isomerism.
Enantiomerism, diastereomerism, Meso compounds. Threo and Erythro. D and L, Cis and Trans nomenclature. CIP rules: R/S and E/Z nomenclature.

## BOOKS SUGGESTED (LABORATORY COURSES)

1. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis,revised, Svehla, Orienl P Longman.
2. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (revised), J.Bassett, R. C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
3. Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis, W. W. Scott, The Technical Press.
4. Experimental Inorganic Chemistry, W. G. Palmer, Cambridge.
5. Handbook of Preparative Inorganic Chemistry, Vol. I \& II, Brauer, Academic Press.
6. Inorganic Synthesis, Mc-Graw Hill.
7. Experimental Organic Chemistry, Vol. I \& II, P. R. Singh, D.S. Gupta, and Bajpai, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
8. Laboratory Manual In Organic Chemistry, R. K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern.
9. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, B. S. Furniss, Al Hannaford, V. frogers, P.W.G. Smith and AR. Tatchell, ELBS
10. Experiments in General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao and U.C. Agarwal, East-West Press.
11. Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das, and B. Behra, Tata Mc-graw Hill.
12. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.B. Yadav, Goel Publishing House.
13. Advanced Exp. Chemistry, Vol. I-Physical, J.N. Gurutu and R. Kapoor, S. Chand \& Co.
14. Selected Exp. in Physical Chemistry, N.G. Mukherjee, J.N. Ghose \& Sons.
15. Exp. in Physical Chemistry, J.C. Ghosh, Bharti Bhavan.

# B.Sc.NM III Semester-VI <br> SUBJECT: COMPUTERSCIENCE 

BSNM 604-A: COMPUTER APPLICATION COMPUTER NETWORKS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES 4 CREDIT: 4H (L)
Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Internal Assessment: 30 marks
External Marks: 70 marks Pass Marks: 35\%
Total Teaching Hours: 45-50

## INSTRUCTION FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B will have four. Questions each from respective unit of the syllabus carrying 10 marks for each question. Section $C$ will have 10-15 short answer type questions carrying total 30 marks, which will cover the entire syllabus uniformly.

## Course Objective

The objective of the course is to understand the basics of Computer Networks and Internet Technologies and to make students aware of the networking and creating websites.

## Course Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will able to:
CO1: Describe how communication works in computer networks and to understand the basic terminology of computer networks, reference models and transmission media.
CO2: Learn basic concepts of internet technologies, browsers and e-mails.
CO3: Understand the basics of HTML, its structuring and creating websites with style sheets.
CO4: Design a media-rich dynamic websites using text, fonts, colors, images, tables, hyperlinks and client side scripting.
Instructions for the candidates: The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from section $A, B$ and the entire section $C$.

## UNIT-I

Computer Networks: Communication, Mode of communication (simplex, half duplex and full duplex), Network (definition ,components ,features and its applications),Classification of networks(LAN,WAN,MAN),Network topologies.
Transmission media: Twisted pair, coaxial cables, fibre optics, radio transmission, microwave transmission, infrared waves and Line of sight transmission, Cellular radio and communication Satellites.
Reference Models: Layering Approach, Brief description of OSI \& TCP/IP reference Model, Compare and Contrast OSI and TCP/IP Reference Model.
Internet: Definition, its advantages and disadvantages, Hardware (repeaters, hub, switch, routers, gateway) \& software, internet facilities through WWW, Web Browser/Server, Client/server architecture.

## UNIT-II

Uniform Resource Locator(URL): Types of URL: Absolutes and relative, Domain name system, FTP, HTTP, SMTP, Telnet, E- Mail: architecture, various aspects, the user agent, message format, message transfer.
HTML: Introduction to HTML, SGML, Web structure of HTML document, Text formatting, using lists to organize information, Organizing Data with Tables: Table tag, layout and presentation
Hyper Links and Anchors: Hyper Links, Internal linking and external linking. Images: Adding Images to web page, using images as links, creating menus with image maps, image formats-GIF, JPEG etc.
HTML Forms: Forms, Elements: INPUT, BUTTON, SELECT, TEXT AREA, LABEL, FIELDSET and LEGEND. Form security.

## Suggested Readings:

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Third Edition, PHI Publications.
2. Corner, Internetworking with TCP-IP: Principles, Protocols and Architecture, Prentice Hall
3. Stephan Mack, Janan Platt, HTML 4.0 No Experience Required, BPB Publication.
4. Rick Darnell et al, HTML 4 Unleashed, Tech media Publications.

## Maximum Marks: 30

Maximum Time: 3 hours
Minimum Pass Marks: 35\%

The breakup of marks for the practical will be as under:-
i. Viva Voce (External Evaluation)

15 Marks
ii. Lab Record, Program Development and Execution (External Evaluation) 15 Marks

Students are required to perform the following activities

1. Create a web page to show the structure of HTML using following tags:
a) Text
b) Marquee
c) Character formatting tags such as B, I, U.
2. Create a web page using font Color, font face, font size, background color.
3. Show the use of formatting tags in HTML such as strike, sup, sub etc.
4. Create a web page using lists.
5. Write HTML code to show the use of absolute and relative URL with anchor tag.
6. Create a web page using Image tag
7. Create a web page using Table tag:
a) Rows and Columns
b) Having border, border size, and border color.
c) Image in a particular cell.
d) Using row span and column span
e) Background Image in a table.
8. Create Admission Form for your college.
9. Create Time table for your department.
